All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR,

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

How Shall We Do It?

Many people have asked themselves this question during the past two weeks.

They desire to see the quality and know the price of fabrics they are going to buy.

How can they do it?

We answer the question with a sweeping declaration—

A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

Has the Inside track.

Competitors stand Aghast!

☞ Seek information at his mammoth establishment.

Laces & Embroideries.

Laces are scarce. Sixty cases were lost on the "Elbe." It will take ten weeks to replace them. WE HAVE A SUPPLY. How long will they last?

Vaudy effects at 90c, $1, $1.25 and $1 50 per yard.

Broderce Anglaise at 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1 50 per yard.

Dentelle Applique, at 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 75c and $1 a yard.

Point de Paris at 8, 10, 15, 20, 25c per yard.

Point d'Esprit at 25 and 35c.

Valenciennes in the most pleasing patterns.

Point Arabesque Collars at $1.25 to $2 50 each.

Point de Milan 65 and 90c, all over to match.

The most select line of Embroideries to be had in the English and Continental markets have been purchased by us. Open English Eylet Patterns at 15c, 25c, 28c, 35, 40c, 50c 75c a yard.

All over Embroideries 60c to $1.50 a yard.

Flouncings 75c. Exquisite pattern. Imported and Domestic

Dress Cottons.

Printed Irish Dimities.

Tinted French Organdies.

French Satines.

Percales.

37 inch wide, suberb range of styles, all the popular figure designs. Much sought after for Shirt Waist—12½c per yard.

Silks.

We have no competition—competitors locked out. Fancy Taffetas at 45, 60, 75, 89, 90c and $1.

Habutei, Wash silk, 37½c,

Kakai Wase Silk 37½c.

22 inch Satin Duchesse $1 00 yd.

Newest thing in Mourning Silk Crepette $1 25 a yard. 30 inch blk Taffeta, all silk, $1 a yard.

Dress Goods.

A new crop. The richest of the French kind, and the realization of the dreams of the Old World.

Finest values in silk-finished Henriettas ever offered in the State, 65c a yd, former price 87½c.

Every shade in French 20 twill Serge 60c yd, former price 82c yd.

Every shade 38 inch Henriettas 37½c yd, former price 60c.

Every shade in 17 twill Serge 40c yd, former price 65c.

Full line of shades in Polka Granites 65c yd, former price 90.

If "Venus of Milo" should enter a modern Dress-making establishment and desire the services of a fashionable modiste, she would be told to get a good corset first, The R. & G. Corsets have no equal.

Smith & Angell's Hosiery is the best in the world. We carry a full line,

As a special offer to the trade, we ofier a three thread half-hose worth 25c, at 12½c a pair.

A special offering this week of Double faced Cotton Flannel at 10c yard, ought to attract attention.

☞ Mail orders given prompt and careful attention.

Guaranteed as Advertised,
feb 17 tf

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.

If you have some to sell ship it to us and we will allow you

30 CENTS PER POUND

for it in Boston and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
jan 27 2m Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

JNO. WILDER ATKINSON. WM. MAYO ATKINSON

ATKINSON & SON,
AGENTS
North Carolina Home Ins. Co.

WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING
INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE
Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution. All losses promptly paid
W. S. PRIMROSE, President,
CHARLES ROOT, Secretary.
PULASKI COWPER, Secretary
apl

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LV.—NO. 134. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,670

OUTLINES

Proceedings in Congress yesterday. —— An American killed by bandits in Mexico; four of the murderers captured and will be shot. —— The steamer Neuse, which left Newbern for Elizabeth City eight days ago, has not been heard from. —— Republicans carried the election in Philadelphia. —— Wreck on the Southern Railway in South Carolina—no one injured. —— Boycott declared against the Seaboard Air Line. ——Chicago grain and provision market. —— A light-house near Cape Charles abandoned by its keeper. ——The deadlock in the Delaware Legislature still unbroken. ——Small-pox at St. Louis—seventy-two cases. —— A prominent business man of Baltimore commits suicide, having been guilty of fraudulent practices. —— Race war imminent in a Georgia county. —— The new bond issue. —— An officer in the Ordnance Department killed by the bursting of gun. —— Proposals for the building of three sea going torpedo boats. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¾ per cent., with last loan at 1¾ per cent., and closing offered at 1¾; cotton dull; middling gulf 5⅞ cents; middling uplands 5⅝ cents; Southern flour dull but steady; common to fair extra $1.90@2.75; good to choice do. $2.80@3.95, wheat easier and less active, closing steady; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 58 cents; afloat 57¼ cents; corn dull and easier, closing firm; No. 2 at elevator 48¼@48¾ cents; afloat 49¾@50 cents; spirits turpentine quiet and firm 31½@33 cents; rosin quiet and firmer; strained common to good $1.40@1.42½.

Prince Bismarck couldn't attend Kaiser William's birthday party, but he sent his regrets. The probabilities are that the old man would prefer that the young man never had a birthday.

The New Orleans *Picayune* has an editorial on the snow madness which developed in that town with the late big fall of snow. It has no reference to the madness of the people who were pelted with snowballs.

There is a bill before the Pennsylvania Legislature to appropriate $150,000 for the erection of a hospital for consumptives in some part of the State having an elevation of at least 2,000 feet above tidewater.

Mayor Strong, of New York, refuses to let Boss Platt collar him, and the reason he kicks against Platt is because he hopes to fix up his State delegation for McKinley, while Platt is trying to fix the wires for Reed.

The example of building good roads is catching. Fayette county, in Kentucky, has so improved its roads that it drew the trade from adjoining counties, which in self defense have been compelled to follow its example.

The New Orleans *States* denounces "the ruffianism" displayed by snowballers during the snow craze, in which people were pelted with balls as hard as chunks of ice. Whether this was ruffianism or not it was rough on the victims.

It is reported from Honolulu that President Dole is opposed to capital punishment for treason. The "Sons of the Missionaries" should not show a blood-thirsty disposition in dealing with the crowd they knocked out so easily in that little racket.

Three of the biggest guns in the United States will be placed at the Golden Gate to protect the entrance to the harbor of San Francisco. The guns are about forty feet long, and the bore big enough for two ordinary sized men to crawl into abreast.

Princess Pauline, the Holland midget, the smallest womaa in the world, who arrived in New York December 22nd, died there last Thursday of bronchitis. She was nineteen years old and exactly seventeen inches high. Her remains were sent back to Holland.

Seventy-five per cent. of the territory of Alabama is under strict prohibition laws and it is said a thirsty denizen would have to get a search warrant to find a drink. There is a movement now to confine the sale of liquors to incorporated towns having a police force.

A gentleman who has spent many years in China said in Washington the other day that before the Emperor would see Pekin taken by the Japanese he would pile dead Chinamen so high around it that the Japs couldn't climb over them. But how could he get them to stand long enough to be piled so high? Thus far they have demonstrated only their capacity to run.

The two names most mentioned for the mission to Mexico are Senator Ransom's and Hon. W. L. Wilson's. Both have strong backing and both are in high favor at the White House, so that it may be a kind of nip-and-tuck between them. Mr. Wilson, however, has been on pretty intimate terms with the Administration and this may have its influence in making the appointment, all other things being equal.

Diamonds at Dingelhoef's to-day. Everybody goes to the auction. †

The Atlanta *Journal* of last Saturday was a rattling edition of forty pages, with lots of pictures in it. A considerable part of it was edited by women exclusively. Without intending any reflection on the masculine pencil pushers who do the regular heavy and light work on it, this number was the best we have ever seen.

The visitors to the Atlanta Exposition will have no difficulty in taking a fly, provided the machines work. No less than ten Tennessee inventors, who think they have solved the problem, will have flying machines there. There are no flies on Tennessee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. A. SPRINGER—Coal.
A. D. BROWN—How shall we do it?
M. J. DINGELHOEF—Auction sale.
A. P. LEVY—French Cafe.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. M. Solky has returned from New York.

— Squire J. M. McGowan is sick and confined to his home.

— Mrs. A. J. Leonard, of Kelly's, passed through the city yesterday *en route* to Southport.

— Editor McKenzie, of the Maxton *Scottish Chief*, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Miss Mary Vincent returned yesterday from a visit to relatives in Brunswick and Savannah, Ga.

— Mr. R. H. Beery has entered into partnership with Mr. Jno. L. Breckenridge in the hardware business.

— Mr. Joe Newman has accepted a position with Messrs. H. G. Williams & Co., wholesale whiskey dealers, at Norfolk and Cincinnati.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Light showers; warmer.

— New York truck dealers quote kale at $1.75@2 00; spinach, $3 50@4 00.

— The bill to amend the election laws of North Carolina passed a second reading in the House yesterday.

— A bill has been introduced in the House at Raleigh to require riders of bicycles to dismount when meeting vehicles.

— The Norwegian barque *Asalanta* cleared yesterday for London, Eng., with 3,420 barrels rosin, value $4,850, shipped by S. P. Shotter & Co.

— There was 11 feet 6 inches water in the river at Fayetteville, Monday at 8 a. m.; a rise of one foot one inch during the previous 24 hours.

— A telegram received last night from Chapel Hill said the condition of Mr. Wm. H. Green, Jr, was more hopeful and that there was better prospect for his recovery.

—Mr. A. P. Levy, of Sumter, S. C., has come to Wilmington to engage in business, and has opened a lunch and wine room, called "The French Cafe," on Princess between Front and Second streets.

— Howard Relief F. E. Co. No. 1 will celebrate to-day its thirty-ninth anniversary, with a parade in the forenoon and a ball in the evening. Messrs. Wm. H. Bloome, H. Gieschen, M. Schnibben, H. Newman and J. C. Boesch are the committee of arrangements.

— Mr. W. A. Vincent, a popular and clever young gentleman of good business qualifications, has secured the agency here of the Eagle Refining Co., manufacturers of lubricating oils, Cleveland, Ohio. His office is in the Smith & Gilchrist building, North Water street.

A Former Resident of Wilmington.

Mr. H. Westerman, formerly a resident of Wilmington, member of the well known firm of Peschau & Westerman, died yesterday morning at Old Fort, N. C., where he had for three years past been engaged in mercantile pursuits. Mr. Westerman spent some 25 years of his life in Wilmington. He leaves a wife and six children, two of the latter residing in this city—Mr. Fred A. Westerman and Mrs. H. Decover.

Storm Warning.

The "information" signal was hoisted at the Weather Bureau here last night by direction of the Chief of the Bureau, Washington, D. C. A storm was then central on the South Atlantic. Northeast wind, shifting to northwest was indicated. The same signal was ordered up at coast stations from Savannah to Norfolk.

Diamonds at Dingelhoef's to-day. Everybody goes to the auction. †

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—68 bales cotton 45 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—8 casks spirits turpentine, 78 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—6 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 4 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—38 casks spirits turpentine, 126 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar.

Stmr Frank Sessoms—2 casks spirits turpentine, 7 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—17 bbls tar.

Schooner Sunrise—10 bbls tar.

Total receipts.—Cotton, 69 bales; spirits turpentine, 40 casks; rosin, 206 bbls; tar, 117 bbls.

Diamonds at Dingelhoef's to-day. Everybody goes to the auction. †

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

The Plan Agreed Upon by the Rep.-Pop. Committee of Fourteen—The Republican Ultimatum Accepted.

The Raleigh *News Observer* gives the following account of the Rep-Pop. caucus Monday night on the county government question:

* * * But the Republicans know they cannot have it all their own way, and so they agreed last night to submit an ultimatum to the Populists. It is Senator Fortune's plan that he has advocated as the only basis of compromise. It provides that two commissioners shall be elected by the popular vote in each county in the State, and then, upon the petition of 200 land owners in any county the Governor shall appoint a Board of Audit and Finance, consisting of two members. This board will be given the power to veto all expenditures and other financial transactions of the commissioners. It is provided that the Board of Audit and Finance shall be composed of members of political parties different from the Board of County Commissioners. Senator Fortune believes this will prevent his rascally Republican brethren from stealing the eastern counties by giving Democrats the veto power upon their actions.

At a late hour last night it was learned that, in spite of their loud professions that the Populists had surrendered, horse, foot and dragoons, and accepted the ultimatum of the Republicans. They make only one condition, and that is that at least four persons, constituting the Board of Commissioners and Board of Audit and Finance, shall agree on all questions that come before them, the two Boards acting jointly.

* * * * * Judge Russell stated without hesitation that there was no chance of their coming together, and Mr. French said in the hearing of a prominent Republican that the only thing to do was "to agree to disagree." Hunter, of Madison, thought there was about as much chance of the Republicans in his section voting cumulation as for a Democrat.

One thing was settled and admitted at the meeting and it was this: That the plan if submitted now to the General Assembly would go by the board on the first ballot.

The Populists came away utterly discomforted and confounded, so much so that all thought of carrying through cumulation as originally conceived has been abandoned.

Baptist Association Organized.

The committee from an adjourned meeting which was appointed to draft resolutions for the purpose of organizing a Baptist Sunday School Association for New Hanover county, met Monday night at 8 o'clock in the First Baptist Church.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. J. H. McDougald. After devotional exercises, the minutes were read by Mr. G. E. Leftwich.

Rev. Will B. Oliver addressed the meeting, explaining the object of the Association.

The Association was then organized, and the following officers elected: James Calder, president; J. S. Canaday, vice president; G. E. Leftwich, secretary; Benj. F. Murphy, treasurer.

The President made an address explaining workings of Associations of this kind in other places. Speeches were made by Messrs. J. H. McDougald, Jesse Canaday, W. Parker, W. B. Oliver, G. E. Leftwich, R. M. Wescott, W. C. Peterson and S. G. Hall.

The Association will meet Monday night after the third Sunday in each month, at some one of the churches composing its body.

Pastors of Churches in the Association were elected as members *ex officio*.

The Association then adjourned to meet in the First Baptist Church Monday night, the 18th of March, at 8 o'clock.

Wilmington Minstrels.

Mr. Henry W. Angel, who appears with the Wilmington Minstrel Troupe next Monday night is without a superior in his impersonator of the ante-bellum darky.

Mr. Johnson Graham, although a comparative stranger to Wilmington people, is not a stranger to minstrelsy.

The troupe have associated with them on this occasion Mr. Wiley T. Johnson, who will give some of his delightful impersonations. Mr. Johnson has that peculiar happy style which always takes with people, and his "whistle medley" is something entirely new to this section.

Mr. Jas. H. Cowan and Mr. B. W. Marshall, the "infant end men," are great, and will surprise with their songs and funny jokes.

The programme as a whole is a delightful one, and promises two and a half hours of solid fun and music. Remember it is the last show before Lent.

The box-sheet will open at Yates' Friday morning.

Death of Mrs. J. Allison Hankins.

Mrs. Lou Hankins, second wife of Mr. J. Allison Hankins, passed away yesterday morning after a lingering illness of about two years at their residence on Fourth street near Bladen. She was a devoted and esteemed member of Grace M. E. church. Her remains were carried to the family burying ground at Mount Olive, N. C., her native home. The many friends of Mr. Hankins extend their sympathies in his sad bereavement.

Southern Pines.

On account of "A Week of Old Time Southern Sports," Southern Pines, N. C., February 18th to 22nd inclusive, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates, based on one first-class fare for the round trip. Rate from Wilmington, $3 85. Tickets on sale February 17th to 22nd inclusive, with final limit for return February 23th, 1895.

Schooner Aground.

A telegram from Southport yesterday says that the vessel aground on Frying-pan shoals is the schooner *Greenleaf Johnson*, Woodruff master, from Brunswick, Ga., bound to New York with cargo of lumber. The *Johnson* is a large three-master, 371 tons, and was at this port a short time ago. A tug from Southport is trying to get her off the shoals.

Diamonds at Dingelhoef's to-day. Everybody goes to the auction. †

STATE LEGISLATURE.

THE ELECTION BILL PASSED SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

The Anti-Liquor Law Bill Has a Close Call in the Senate—Usury Bill On Its Passage—The House Resolves to Attend the Newbern Fair—Bill to Amend the Homestead Law Tabled in the Senate.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C. Feb. 19.

SENATE.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Rhodes, of Littleton Female College.

Mr. Westmoreland introduced a bill to work the public roads of Davidson county with convict labor.

Mr McCosky, a resolution in relation to jury lists.

Mr Long, a bill to incorporate Columbus Draining Company.

Mr Farthing, a bill to prohibit the sale of liquor in two miles of Stony Hill Church.

Mr Franks, a bill for the relief of W M Watkins; also, a bill to place the name of Lewis Grady, of Lenoir, on the pension list.

Mr Hurley, a bill to amend the Constitution.

Mr Dula, a bill to authorize the Commissioners of McDowell county to levy a special tax.

Mr Starbuck, a bill to prevent the sale of liquor in two miles of Deep River Church.

Mr Dowd, a bill to amend the Constitution in regard to members of the Legislature holding office.

Bill to incorporate the town of Margarettsville, in Northampton county, passed third reading.

Bill to change the time of holding the Superior Courts of Durham county passed second reading.

Bill to protect deer in Jackson, Swain, Macon, Cherokee and other counties passed third reading.

Bill to authorize the town of Durham to collect arrears of taxes passed third reading.

Bill for the relief of A M McGregor, late Treasurer of the town of Wadesboro, passed third reading.

Bill for the relief of E D Gaddy, late Sheriff of Anson county, passed third reading.

Bill to amend the homestead law so as to provide that when the owner makes a conveyance of the property it may be subject to any judgment formerly docketed against it was taken up and was explained by Mr Adams. Under this bill the homestead is exempt from execution so long as it remains in the possession of the original homesteader. After some discussion, Mr Paddison moved to lay the bill on the table, but withdrew it for Mr Moody to speak in favor of it. Mr Fowler moved to make the bill a special order for Thursday, but this motion failed. Then Mr Candler moved to lay the bill upon the table and Mr Adams demanded the ayes and noes. The bill was tabled by a vote of 26 to 19.

At 12 o'clock the anti-liquor bill, which was the special order for that hour, was taken up. It proposes to make unlawful the sale, barter or giving away any wines or liquors in the State unless the question be first submitted to the vote of the town or city in which it is proposed to issue license. Mr Candler, the introducer of the bill, first took the floor in advocacy of it. Amendments were offered and accepted making the bond of liquor dealers $1,000 instead of $1,500, and making a majority of the votes cast sufficient instead of a majority of the registered voters.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at 10 o'clock, the Speaker in the chair, and prayer was offered by Rev Dr Cole, of the city of Raleigh.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

Mr Williams, of Craven, resolution providing for the adjournment of the House so that members can attend the Newbern Fair.

Mr McKenzie, bill to require riders of bicycles to dismount when meeting vehicles.

Mr Gallop, bill to prevent sale of liquor near Asbury church, Currituck county. Also, bill for the relief of G. W. Williams, Register of Deeds of Currituck county.

Mr Lusk, bill to amend chapter 289 Laws of 1891. Relates to tax collectors in Buncombe county.

Mr White, of Bladen, bill to amend chapter 53, Laws of 1893.

Mr Young, bill to amend, revise and consolidate the charter of Raleigh.

Mr Thomas, bill to levy a special tax for a bridge in Jackson county.

Mr Julian, bill to prohibit sale of liquor near Matthew's Lutheran Church, Rowan county.

Mr Wooten, bill in regard to stock running at large.

Mr Currie, bill to protect owners of sheep and goats in North Carolina.

Mr French (by request) bill to repeal the stock law in Halifax county.

Mr Williams, of Craven, bill to authorize the State Board of Education to refund certain grants.

Mr Stevens, bill to amend House bill 295.

Mr Williams, of Craven, bill to authorize Commissioners of Craven county to construct a bridge across Neuse and Trent rivers.

Mr Sanders, bill to regulate marriage license.

Mr Abbott, bill to amend chapter 88, Laws of 1891.

Mr McLeod, bill to require that Latin be taught in the public schools.

Mr Dixon, bill to incorporate the town of Lasalle, in Greene county.

Mr Duffy, bill to prohibit the sale of liquor near Catherine Lake Church, Onslow county.

Mr Howard, bill to amend chapter 895, Laws of 1893. Relates to road law of Edgecombe county.

Mr Harrelson, bill to repeal chapter 565 Laws of 1891.

Mr Ewart, bill for the relief of Robert O Burton.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr Campbell, of Cherokee, arose to a question of privilege and read an article from the *Evening Press* speaking of him as "Representative Campbell, of Hanging Dog township," and charging him with "carring his freakish ideas" in the lobby of the Yarboro House and announcing himself a candidate for Governor. He said the paper was run by three men, and of course they were men of brains. As far as the Governorship was concerned, he could not afford to canvass the State for Governor. He suggested that the name of the paper be changed to "Hermaphrodite," as he called it. This ended the tempest in the tin can, and the statesman from "Hanging Dog" sat down vindicated.

THE ELECTION BILL.

At 11 o'clock the regular order, the election bill, was called up by Mr Lusk, and two hours were awarded to the Democratic side. The bill is the one that has been printed and is the one agreed upon by the Rep-Pop caucus. Mr Ray read a very humorous speech on the bill which caused much merriment. Messrs Smith of Gates and Winborne also made strong speeches against the bill, pointing out its many defects.

The Democrats offered sundry amendments, but the opposition persisting voted them down.

Mr Winborne offered an amendment requiring white paper and no device. It was defeated by 69 to 33.

Mr Smith, of Gates, an amendment that required that where two or more parties combine and co-operate that they shall be entitled to but one registrar and one judge of election. This was defeated by the same vote.

The bill passed its second reading.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

After the adoption of an amendment to the anti Liquor bill exempting druggists, a motion was made by Senator Starbuck to table the bill. The vote resulted in a tie—21 to 21—and President Doughton voted against tabling the bill, so the motion to table failed to pass and the bill was left in *statu quo*. The Senate adjourned without further action upon it.

After the close of debate in the House on the six per cent. interest bill, it passed a second reading without amendment by a vote of 59 to 33 and will come up to-morrow on third reading.

The House passed a resolution that the Legislature attend the Newbern Fair, leaving here Thursday and returning Saturday.

Bills were passed allowing pensions to widows whose husbands have died since the late war of wounds received during the war; to prohibit the killing of fish with dynamite; to repeal the charter of the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; to prohibit county officers from holding office more than two terms in succession.

Death of Mrs. Cunningham.

The Raleigh *News and Observer* of yesterday says:

Mrs. Louisa Cunninggim, the beloved wife of Rev. W. H. Cunninggim, died at her residence on Person street Sunday morning at 8 40 o'clock. She was 68 years old and had been an invalid for a number of years. Rev. and Mrs. Cunninggim lived in Raleigh just after the late war, and kept a hotel here. Later they moved to Chapel Hill. Until the beginning of the present year they have lived in Durham, moving back to Raleigh last January.

Mrs. Cunninggim leaves three children; Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Secretary of the North Carolina Conference and pastor of Fifth Street Church, Wilmington; Jesse Lee Cunninggim, now a divinity student at Vanderbilt University, and Mrs. R. W. Bailey, wife of Rev. R. W. Bailey, pastor of West Durham Methodist Church. All of these were here when she died. Hers was a life of Christian purity and of sweet service and helpfulness.

Her brother-in-law, Rev. Dr. J. A. Cunninggim, Presiding Elder of Durham district, arrived yesterday.

The funeral was held from the residence at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Rev. D. H. Tuttle conducting the service.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice February 20, 1895:

WOMEN'S LIST.

A—Mrs Arina Alison, Mrs Ann Eliza Brown. D—Miss Maggie Davis, Miss Sophia Dixon. F—Mrs J G Guger. H Mrs Josephine Herring. K—Miss Della King. L—Miss Mary Lewis. M—Miss Bella and Flora McNeil, Miss Flora Martin, Miss Susan McRae. N—Miss Susie Nixon. P—Miss Lucie W Parker. S—Miss Annie Smith. Mrs Agnes Swinton, Miss Maggie Smith. T—Bertha Thomilson. W—Lucy Wrigens, Mrs Polly Wells, Mrs Penny Wilson, Satira Walker.

MEN'S LIST.

A—James and Benjamin Allen, Eugene P Albea. B—A M Bennett, Henry Barker. C—J B Chaney. D—Dr R F Dilver (3). F—V N Frachs. G—H J Green. H—T M Horn, Walter Hall. J—Jno L Jackson, V N Jenkins, V B Jobinson, Will Henry Jones. K—J H Kene. L—B F Lawton. M—Bob Murphey, Ed McDuffie, R H Meares, W R Murry, T D McCullem. P—J E Pinner, M M Patrick. R—Henry Remington. S—Geo W Stone, R Smith, Sampson Smith. T—Dan'l L Thomas, W A Thompson. W—Chas Westbrook, Maggie Wooters, M J Whiteman, Sol Williams, T S Whitaker, Stephen H Williams, Thos Willis, Wash Wise.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE

David Evans, Alice Heart, Mary, Laura V. Nixon, Jerry Reaves, J Skipper.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

Forecast for To-Day.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, rain, followed by fair in the afternoon in Western portions; northeast winds, becoming northwest.

Diamonds at Dingelhoef's to-day. Everybody goes to the auction. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

$75.00 a week paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Lightning Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; call at sight; permanent position. Add'd on P. Harrison & Co., Clark No. 16, Columbus, Ohio. feb 6 6t

North Carolina Supply Co., Electrical contractors, Electrical Supplies. Estimates furnished on all wiring of electrical construction. Postoffice Box 385, Store 120 Market street. su tu su 2t

Tobacco, Snuff, Flour and Molasses sold at bottom prices. Just received fresh lot best quality Crackers and Candies. Consignments solicited of Cotton, Timber, Naval Stores and Country Produce of all kinds. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 8 South Water street. c21

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. c22

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deals in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 28. c23

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer in quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 409 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c22

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, or packing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

Spiritine Chemical Co., L. Hanna manager. Wood distillers and refiners. Mfrs of Spiritine Oil for wood and iron preservative; Spiritine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spiritine remedies. c21

Mayhew, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilled workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY G——A
FIFTY PER CENT.
The Greatest B——O
Modern
J. LICHTENST
33rd Street, New York,
For Four Hundred and
The good judgment of the PEO of this Sto

Dress Goods.

Its fearless action, tireless ambition—commands confidence of its patrons that shall rank it the Store of the State.

What other store could handle of DRESS GOODS we have.

Our Price.	Their Price.
34c Blk and Navy Storm Serge,	50c
59c 46 inch Navy Storm Serge,	75c
$1 56-inch Navy Storm Serge,	$1.39
98c 54-inch colored Whipcord,	$1.50
35c 40 inch Fancy Cheviots and Plaid Fabrics,	50c
49c Silk Finished Henrietta, all Shades,	75c
35c " "	60c
9c Colored and Black Danish Cloth,	12½c
18c Fancy Crepons,	18c

Black Dress Goods.

Only the price with us—the qualities indisputable, and the bargain is made.

63c 46-inch silk finished Henrietta,	$1
75c " " "	$1.25
50c 40 inch " "	89c
65c Diagonal stripe Batiste,	$1
79c Satin striped Batiste,	$1.25
34c Figured Mohair,	59c
45c Fancy Weaves,	75c

Silks Slaughtered.

69c Fancy shirt waist silks, brocaded satin and taffetas,	$1.50
69c Heavy black Satin,	1.00
$1.15 Heavy black Duchese,	1.75
$1.19 Heavy gros grain Silks,	2.00
85c Extra quality colored Silk Crapes de Chines,	1.25
89c Beautiful line fancy Shirt waist and dress silks,	$1.25, $2
33c Ki Ki wash silks,	75c

Katz & Polvogt,
116 Market Street.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

The French Cafe.

On Princess street, next to Sternberger & Co., has been opened, and the public is invited. Fancy drinks, liquors, wines and cigars. Also Porter and a first-class line of Ale and Champagne kept constantly on hand.

A. P. LEVY,
feb 20 1t Agent and Manager.

Au Revoir.

But Not Good-Bye.

Dingelhoef's,
DINGELHOEF'S,
DINGELHOEF'S.

If you have not been there,

You Are Not
IN THE SWIM.

Over 1000 people
Turned away
last week.

Goods are selling for

50c. on the Dollar.
40c. on the Dollar.
25c. ON the DOLLAR.

Everything Goes.
Any Price.
Come one, Come all.
feb 18 tw

Seed Potatoes.

Choice Houlton EARLY ROSE just received, in fine order and offered low.

A small consignment of

Mountain Butter.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
jan 5 tf Dock Vare and Mulberry sts

D. O'Connor,
REAL ESTATE AGENT, WIL-
mington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for sale. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, loans and insurance promptly attended to. Cash and an improved city real estate loan 26 tf

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOODS
T——
ON THE DOLLAR.

ankrupt Stock
F——
Times!
KIN & SONS,
made an Assignment for
Fifty Thousand Dollars.
PLE'S STORE was to get a part
ck for Cash.

35c 32 in Pongee silk, all shades, 60c
49c 32 in extra Japanese silks, 75c
We have cut our entire stock colored silk velvets uniform in price with those of Lichtenstein's stock
95c Secures you the choice, $1, $1.75
49c 1 lot changeable surah silk, 75c

Domestics—Linens.

8c Yard wide Jonsdale shirting,	10c
20c Bleached sheetings, 10-4	32c
15c Unbleached sheetings,	20c
8c 45 in bleached pillow casing,	12½c
55c 9 4 Hemmed bleached seets, ready for use,	75c
60c 10-4 " " "	80c
15c Hemmed pillow cases, ready for use,	25c
12c " " "	20c
all of the imported as the pride of the Twenty-third street Linen Department.	
25c Oil red damask,	49c
42c Oil red damask,	59c
31c Bleached damask,	49c
81c Black damask, red border,	49c
62c Satin Damask,	89c

Rugs and Mattings.

Moquette Rugs 18 36, 88c.

Moquette Rugs, size 36x72, exquisite colorings and designs, value $5, sale price $3.49.

Smyrna Rugs, size 36x72, extra heavy quality, value $5 50, sale price $3.89.

Japanese Rugs, size 36x72, best quality, full size, value $2.75, sale price $1.89.

—100 rolls China Matting, 40 yards to roll, value $6 per roll, sale price $3.98.

50 rolls Cotton Warp Matting, worth 35c per yard and $12.50 per roll, sale price $7.89.

KATZ & POLVOGT,
116 Market Street.
feb 17 tf

Coal, Coal,
Red Ash Egg, White Ash Egg,
White Ash Stove.
Chestnut Coal, Furnace Coal,
Pea Coal, Foundry Coal,
Tennessee Lump, Pochahontas Lump
Wood, Wood,
OAK, ASH, LIGHTWOOD.
All Coal and Wood of the best quality and Lowest Prices.
J. A. SPRINGER.
dec 23 tf

The Southern Stock
Mutual Insurance Co.,
—OF—
Greensboro, N. C.

Offers Cheaper Fire Insurance,
By making every policy-holder a sharer in the profits of the Company. All profits except a reserve of ten per cent. are returned to the policy-holders.
Capital, $100,000.00.
Subscribed by twenty capitalists, whose names represent over FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.
Policy-Holders are Non-Assessable.

DIRECTORS.

L. Banks Holt,	Bennehan Cameron
A. F. Page,	Thos. H Holt,
J. S. Carr,	Sam'l McD. Tate,
D. G. Worth,	Lawrence S. Holt,
Donald McRae,	J. S. Spencer,
E. D. Latta,	Wm. E. Holt,
Edwin Shaver,	James P. Sawyer,
F. J. Murdock,	J. W. Scott,
L. M. Scott,	J. VanLindley,
E. P. Wharton,	J. M. Worth.

OFFICERS.

J. M. Worth, President.
E. P. Wharton, Vice-President.
A. W. McAllister, Sec. & Treas.

When your policy expires see that it is renewed in the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company.
STEDMAN & WORTH, Agents,
Wilmington, N. C.
feb 16 1m

Bicycles for '95.

If you ride, why not ride the best? We have them—
The VICTOR, The STEARNES,
The CRESCENT.
These are the best Bicycles and the highest grade.
For further information and Catalogue, please call at
HEINSBERGER'S
Live Book and Music Store.
feb 16 tf

Wholesale and Retail.

TOBACCO,
SNUFF,
CIGARS.
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.
dec 6

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate o 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 00; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to extend their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 20, 1895.

TOO MUCH OF A GOOD THING.

The attention that the South has attracted among the New England mill men as a field for the manufacture of cotton goods will doubtless lead to the investment of much New England money in Southern mills. This is something in which the South is interested and upon which she is to be congratulated—provided there isn't too much of it. It is a good thing, but there may be too much of a good thing.

As there are two sides to nearly all questions so there are to this, and while we may lay ourselves liable to the suspicion of a lack of progressiveness, we confess that we do not want to see anything like a rush of New England mill men Southward. We have no prejudice against the New Englander, nor the incomer from any other section, but on the contrary a welcome for him or anyone else who has capital, brains or muscle to devote to the development of our resources or the upbuilding of our industries, but this is on the assumption that the men who bring their capital, their brains or their muscle intend to identify themselves with the South, take an interest in her advancement and not look upon her as a lemon to be squeezed or an orange to be sucked, to make all the money they can out of her and transfer their gains for the enrichment of some other section.

We will illustrate this, although the illustration may not be altogether apposite in every respect. For several years there has been considerable of a movement of Western lumbermen Southward. They have bought up and hold and are still buying up large tracts of our forest lands. Some people have rejoiced at this and seeing the lumbering plants established by some of these men and the amount of lumber shipped by them, have regarded them as valuable agents in our industrial progress. We could never see it in that light, could never see the reason for congratulating anyone on selling a thousand dollars' worth of trees (with the land thrown in) for a hundred dollars. Nor could we see where the South was to be congratulated when nine out of ten of these lumbermen come simply for the purpose of cutting down the forest they buy, and putting what they make out of it to their bank accounts somewhere else. While some of them may have, the majority of them have no interest whatever in the future of the South, but have simply invested their money to make all they can out of it in the shortest possible time and then pull out themselves.

So also with the non-resident capitalists who buy our gold, coal and other mines, our marble, granite and other quarries. They pay the purchase money, (which is generally small compared with the value of the property purchased.) That benefits the owner who sells. They give employment to workmen. That benefits the workmen and to some extent the community in which the workmen live, but that is all. The profits from the properties worked go to add to the bank accounts of the non-resident operators.

It must not be inferred from this that we are opposed to enterprises of this kind being operated by non-resident capitalists, for we are not; but we confess that we would prefer to see them operated, if they could be, by home capital, for then the money made out of them would stay in the South and be added to what we have in her upbuilding. But it is better that enterprises be conducted by non-residents than not at all.

While a parity does not exist in all respects between these and the mill operators, it does to some extent. The mill men, it is true, must invest considerable money in putting up plants, which become a permanency. The larger the plant the more money it represents, and the more taxable values it makes for the State, while it may also add to the value of adjacent lands. Thus far the State is a gainer. The larger it is the more people it employs. Thus far it benefits more people and the communities with which these people trade. They also consume large quantities of cotton and thus benefit the planter by giving him a larger home market.

But we have in the South now a great many mills, which are increasing in number annually, giving employment to thousands of people. These mills are distributed through the South, mainly in the Piedmont belt, in the three States of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia. Most of these are what are called small mills, operated by men who have a limited capital, nearly all of whom are Southern men. While the number of mills is increasing largely, continuously and rapidly, so is the capacity of many of those in operation. Nearly all have prospered, and give work annually to more people. Every dollar made by these mills comes back to the South, and remains here to be added to the money we already had, and is available for the upbuilding of this section. It helps to enrich our own people, and adds to the wealth and power of the South.

Suppose there should be a great influx of Northern money to be invested in the establishment of large cotton manufactories by men experienced in the business how long would it be before there would be competition between the Southern mills as there is now between the Northern mills, and in that case wouldn't the men who have the longest pole knock the persimmon? In the event of such competition between our small mills, which now have no competition, and the strong new comers with long experience and plenty of capital and markets for their goods already established, wouldn't the small mill have to succumb, and thus a great industry which is annually and steadily growing greater pass from the hands of our own people into the hands of their new but more robust rivals? It would then be simply a question of time when the wheels of the small mills would stop and the industry be transferred to the central points selected by the capitalists, and instead of many small mills distributed through that portion of the South best adapted to the industry we would have fewer but larger mills in manufacturing towns, as they have in the North.

We do not think there is any danger of this for we do not apprehend any rush of Northern mill men to the South, although a considerable number of them may within the next few years avail themselves of the advansages the South offers; but we are pointing out how a present benefit might under certain conditions grow to be an injury.

MINOR MENTION.

In his remarks in the Senate Monday, Senator Sherman showed an unusual amount of candor in commenting upon the strictures made on the President for the contract with the parties who bought the $62,000,000 bonds, but at the same time expressed the opinion that the money lenders took advantage of their opportunity and made a good bargain for themselves, which is doubtless the fact. But the gold monopolists always do that, and the American monopolist is about as apt to do it as the foreign money lender is. Mr. Sherman was right, however, when he said that the men who lends money to the Government has the right to demand that he be paid back in the same kind of money lent, and the Government could not consistently nor honestly refuse to respect that demand and comply with it. To refuse to do it would be to forfeit credit and put itself in a position to be unable to borrow the money it needed, if borrowing should become necessary. The men who bought the bonds which have caused this discussion knew it was the avowed policy of this Government to pay its obligations in the best kind of money and that it has been doing this all along, very much against its convenience, and the only apparent reason why they should make a conditional bargain is the possible fear that the silver party might eventually prevail, the policy of the Government be changed, and the obligations of the Government be paid in silver instead of gold. But in that event a resolution passed now committing the Government to pay in gold wouldn't be worth the paper it was written on. But if instead of wrangling over questions like this Congress would take a common sense, business view of the situation, and pass a law requiring import duties to be paid in gold, there would be little occasion to borrow gold, and sharpers at home or abroad would be deprived of the opportunity to take advantage of the Government.

* * *

There is no Government on the face of the earth whose credit is any better than the credit of this Government, and there is no earthly reason why there should be any uneasiness about it anywhere. The people have confidence in it, and in their business transactions with each other, one of its dollars, whether it be in paper or coin, is as good and passes current as another, and on the counter of the grocer or merchant, or at the stall of the butcher, a dollar in paper will buy as much as a dollar in gold. It is only when it comes to the wealthy money-lenders who buy bonds to draw interest or to speculate upon that we find a difference made. If they were as patriotic as the people there would be no trouble in the Treasury, and this Government would have no occasion to ask loans of money to meet its obligations. The last statement issued by the Secretary of the Treasury shows that between December 1st and February 2nd the withdrawals of gold from the Treasury amounted to $80,786,802, of which only $36,852,359 was exported, the running $43,933,943 being hoarded. Why are all these millions withdrawn from the Treasury and locked up in the vaults of the big banks? They didn't need it. There was no demand for it at home and they did not need it to send abroad. The only apparent reason why they did so was to pinch the Treasury, wipe out the gold reserve and compel the Government to borrow that same gold from them to replenish the reserve which they had depleted. And yet they talk about preserving the credit of the Government, about the obligation to pay its debts in the best kind of money, etc,. when they are doing their level best to embarrass it and to jeopardize its credit abroad. That may be business from their standpoint, but in the eyes of the plain citizen it is both disreputable and unpatriotic. There is not much difference when you get down to the bottom between the American Shylock and the money lender of Venice.

Horses have got so cheap out in the West now that they have quit banging horse thieves. The disposition rather is to encourage them to steal, as the easiest way of getting rid of the horses.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—The man who has lost more by the redent developments in Congress on the financial question than any other is Thomas B Reed. To day there is hardly a real friend of sound money in this country, be he Democrat or Republican, who is not ready to thank God that Grover Cleveland instead of Tom Reed is President of the United States.—*LouisvilleCourier Journal, Dem.*

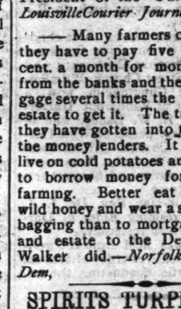
—Many farmers complain that they have to pay five or eight per cent. a month for money to get it from the banks and then must mortgage several times the value in real estate to get it. The trouble is that they have gotten into the hands of the money lenders. It is better to live on cold potatoes and crusts than to borrow money for speculative farming. Better eat locusts and wild honey and wear a suit of cotton bagging than to mortgage the soul and estate to the Devil, as Tom Walker did.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem,*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Stanly *News*: Will May, colored, was recaptured last Friday evening after his escape from the burning jail in the morning before day, and was immediately tried before J. W. Bostian, Esq., for burning the jail. He was committed to jail on the charge. The evidence against him is circumstantial but very suspicious to say the least of it.

—Mecklenburg *Times*: Messrs. W. C. Traywick, Walter and Louie Cruse were out walking Sunday evening in the woods near the water works station. They saw the dog they had with them trying to unearth something. When they examined the object they found it to be a common soap box and in the box was the skeleton of a child. They at once reported it to the authorities.

—Red Springs *Citizen*: On last Monday morning at 4 o'clock, Miss Minnie Kesler, sister of the be oved pastor of the Baptist Church, Rev. M. L. Kesler, gently fell on the sleep that knows no waking. —Mr. Geo. B McLeod was appointed by the commissioners last Monday to be sheriff of Robeson county, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. J. McK. Alford. This appointment settles the contest for that office, as Mr. McLeod is a son-in-law of Mr. E. R. Proctor, Sr —On last Monday night week, Mr. J W. Wilkes, of Bowmore, locked his store and went to his supper. He returned in a few minutes and found things, apparently, as he left them, but the next morning he discovered that about $33 had been taken from a cigar box in which he kept the railroad money. A colored boy began to spend money pretty freely the next day, and Mr. Wilkes induced him, by a little persuasion, to tell the whole story. He, in company with another young thief, had climbed in at one of the windows and pocketed the change, which was done in less time than it takes to print it. Fourteen dollars of the money was recovered, and both boys were captured and committed to jail.



PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Legs and Feet.

"For about four years I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath and swelling of the legs and feet. At times I would faint. I was treated by the best physicians in Savannah, Ga., with no relief. I then tried various Springs, without benefit. Finally I tried

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

also his Nerve and Liver Pills. *After beginning to take them I felt better!* I continued taking them and I am now in better health than for many years. Since my recovery I have gained fifty pounds in weight. I hope this statement may be of value to some poor sufferer."

R. B. SUTTON, Ways Station, Ga.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists. Sold by all druggists.

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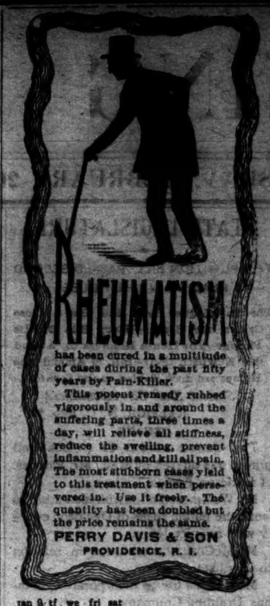

has been cured in a multitude of cases during the past fifty years by Pain-Killer.

This potent remedy rubbed vigorously in and around the suffering parts, three times a day, will relieve all stiffness, reduce the swelling, prevent inflammation and kill all pain. The most stubborn cases yield to this treatment when persevered in. Use it freely. The quantity has been doubled but the price remains the same.

PERRY DAVIS & SON
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

jan 9 tf we fri sat

THE TATTLER.

The Duchess of Manchester says that cycling has improved her health very much.

Mrs. L. S. Merchant is president of the Cedar Rapids (Ia.) Republican Printing company.

The Rev. Ella M. Bartlett, who was ordained a minister in 1877, has just accepted a call as pastor of a Universalist society in St. Louis.

Miss Helene Willis of San Jose, Cal., is achieving fame as the originator of the idea of collecting the locks of football heroes as trophies.

Interesting rumors are afloat concerning Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris. It is said she will soon again be a bride, this time trying her luck with a well known fellow countryman.

Miss Nancy Baker, daughter of the late Governor Conrad Baker, has announced herself as a candidate for the office of state librarian, subject to the Republican caucus of the Indiana legislature.

Mrs. Sarah Ulrich Kelly of Honesdale, Pa., known in Washington and elsewhere as the "Bard of Shanty Hill," has announced herself a candidate for congress to succeed the late Myron B. Wright.

Charlotte Fowler Wells, the first woman publisher, went into business with her two brothers in 1814, is still in business in New York city and says she has no time to think whether she is getting old.

Mrs. Edward Fitzgerald is probably the first Chicago woman to be covered with 2,785 pieces of human flesh which, strictly speaking, are not her own. Her back, which was badly burned, was entirely recovered by skin grafts.

Miss E. V. Askew of Tampa, Fla., is a stenographer and typewriter with a record to be proud of. In a document of 100 pages of legal cap sent up to the supreme court of the state there was not one erasure, omission or mistake in punctuation.

The late Mrs. Josephine M. Bacchus of Brooklyn left to each of her two daughters a diamond to be worn in a ring on the third finger of the right hand, that by this the daughters might always be reminded of the three virtues she most wished them to possess—truth, purity and patience.

Miss Sterling has a model farm at Aylesford, Nova Scotia, to which she brings destitute children from Scotland and educates them to trades. She has a grist mill, saw mill and various workshops on the place and generally has about 100 little waifs in training for useful lives.

There were fairy tales afloat a year ago of the fabulous sum paid by Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt for a Persian rug purchased at the World's fair. The facts of the case are that she paid $16,000 for one. It is about 12 feet square in shades of dull blues, grays and yellows—a "Tacuoe carpet" is its correct name.

Helene Vacaresco, the young maid of honor who was the heroine in the sensation at the Roumanian court several years ago, when the queen, Carmen Sylva, tried to make her the bride of the crown prince, was married recently to a Roumanian gentleman of wealth and good family, while Bucharest was celebrating the birth of the crown prince's first baby.

An Illinois Girl In Washington.

I sat next an Illinois girl in the house gallery and marked the manner of her speech, which was strange to a Washington ear. She did not slight a single "r." The broad English "a" eastern people affect was unknown to her. She asked me what time congress "took up" and when it "let out." She spoke of a brook in her home and called it a "branch." She said it seemed so funny to get six car tickets for "9 bits," and she told me she had not attended the opening of congress because she "could not get to go," but that she meant to hear just as many great speeches as she could "get to hear." Then she excused herself and went away, as she said she had "some trading to do for ma."—Washington Post.

Tying the Knot.

One part of the wedding ceremony among the Babylonians was very significant. The priest took a thread from the garment of the bride and another from the garment of the bridegroom and tied them into a knot, which he gave the bride. This is probably the origin of the modern saying about tying the knot in regard to marriage.

A Different Question.

Father (impressively)—Suppose I should be taken away suddenly, what would become of you, my boy?

Irreverent Son—I'd stay here. The question is, What would become of you?—West Chester Critic.

Galen says that oats were grown abundantly in Asia Minor; were used as food for the horses and by men in times of famine.

You Don't Have to Swear Off,

Says the St. Louis *Journal of Agriculture* in an editorial about No-To-Bac, the famous tobacco habit cure. 'We know of many cases cured by No-To-Bac. one, a prominent St. Louis architect, smoked and chewed for twenty years; two boxes cured him so that even the smell of tobacco makes him sick." No-To-Bac sold and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY & CO. No cure no pay. Book free. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kin d.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 9p

BRECKINRIDGE.

It is to be hoped that Colonel Breckinridge will make enough from his lecture tour to pay the Pollard judgment.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Madeline Pollard will be a pretty old woman when she gets that $15,000 if she collects it from Colonel Breckinridge's gate receipts.—St. Paul Globe.

It is said Madeline Pollard is unable to obtain any employment, and it is possible that Mr. Breckinridge will soon be in the same fix.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Madeline Pollard is making a claim on the box office receipts from Colonel Breckinridge's lectures. An advertising agent calls this "a rake off on a silver tongue."—New York World.

Willie Breckinridge's lecture prospects are cloudy since Madeline insists on attaching the gate money. This is another proof of the constancy of a woman's attachment.—New York Recorder.

Madeline Pollard will in time learn that the Breckinridge box office receipts were just large enough to pay official fees in each instance, and that she is constantly running in debt to lawyers.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

Miss Pollard's idea of taking possession of the box office receipts at Colonel Breckinridge's lectures ought to serve as a discourager of Breckinridge eloquence on the platform. In this role she will be a public benefactress.—Boston Herald.

The southern press is calling upon southern managers not to bill W. C. P. Breckinridge for any lectures. The best way to keep Breckinridge at home is to give him such small audiences that he will be compelled to foot his own bills.—Kansas City Times.

If Breckinridge had any sense of shame, he would not put himself on show. Thus far Miss Pollard has shown more modesty than the aged party of the other part. Breckinridge is not only not ashamed of the role he has played, but he is trying to bank on it.—Wheeling (W. Va.) Intelligencer.

WHIP AND SPUR.

"Care" will never kill a horse.

The west will monopolize racing next season.

There may be trotting at Oakley next season.

Philip J. Dwyer has kept his money and is probably worth $1,000,000.

Aintree, near Liverpool, has one of the best trotting tracks in Europe.

The Oakley track is described as one of the finest "that lies out doors."

Richard Croker and M. F. Dwyer will go to England to race early in March.

Ed Corrigan will have little Earle Cochran ride lightweights for him next season.

Polo on ice has been introduced in Paris by a club whose president is the Prince of Sagan.

The attendance at the Melbourne meeting the day the race for the cup was run reached 60,000.

Fred Taral received about $17,000 from the Keene stable for his work in the saddle during 1894.

Foxhall Keene's colt Bowers, son of Great Tom, has been shipped to England, where he will race.

One stake in the Oakley list is the Losantiville stakes. Losantiville was the original name of Cincinnati.

During the season of 1894 six trotters in Russia reached records for two mile heats that equal or better 2:30 for the mile.

Ed Corrigan is bent on making the Hawthorne stallion stakes one of the best 2-year-old events of the season of 1897.

E. H. Harriman is a firm believer in breeding up. He considers size, finish and pure trotting action indispensable, and that quality rather than quantity should govern a breeder.—Horseman.

GLEANINGS.

The normal death rate of Canton is 1,000 per month.

Wealthy classes of Japan regard it as undignified to ride a horse faster than a walk.

Pope Telesphorus of the second century A. D. instituted Christmas, the great Christian festival.

The inhabitants of Arram, where the maidenhair fern grows plentifully, employ it as a substitute for tea.

The loss to the New York banks by the stealings of their own officers during the past ten years has amounted to within a few dollars of $5,500,000.

Great finds of gold have been made in Korea, and enterprising Americans are already at work there showing the simple natives what real energy is.

The ratio of deaf mutes in the world is 1 to 1,600 people. There are upward of 40,000 such unfortunates in the United States, 1,000,000 in the world.

The term viking is thus defined by a traveler in Norway: Vik means creek and ing means people, wherefore viking means people of the creeks, the creeks of old being, of course, the fiords of today.

GLADSTONE AT EIGHTY-FIVE.

In office or out each new birthday deepens the love and admiration of the English speaking race for William Ewart Gladstone.—Philadelphia Press.

All hail to the sturdy veteran of honest government who emerged from Tory bigotry to become in the councils of state the great apostle of common humanity!—Philadelphia Record.

Mr. Gladstone celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday anniversary in part by one of the strongest declarations concerning the Armenian atrocities that have yet been delivered.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Although he has laid aside the Liberal leadership, his influence, like his physical powers, has not begun to decline. The Grand Old Man is becoming in the eyes of his countrymen grander as he grows older.—Toronto Mail.

WEDDINGS VARIOUS.

A Japanese bride's playthings are burned on her wedding day, typifying the end of her childhood.

At a recent wedding in Kansas there were 24 bridesmaids. The effete east is outmatched at every point.

Certain North American tribes have a curious custom of throwing rice or old shoes after a departing bride and groom.

The legal age at which marriage may be "committed" in Europe varies from 12 in Switzerland to 18 in Germany and France.

In Turkestan if a wedding engagement is broken the girl's parents must either return the lover's gifts or substitute another daughter if they have one.—New York Recorder.

Sleigh Rides.

Oh, the jingling of the sleigh bells
And the toot, toot of the horn
Is the sign that some poor fellow
Will be dead broke in the morn.

—Harlem Life.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

No Imitation.

The table roars when Kitty speaks.
She neither halts nor stutters,
And every maid and matron seeks
To catch each word she utters.

"Just like a man!" the girls all say,
And some say, "Even better!"
Who once has heard her fancy play
Can never quite forget her.

But when I hear her praises ring
The wonder, I declare, is
That any girl can do the thing
On plain apollinaris! —Vogue.

The Child and the Man.

Once upon a time it chanced that a Child accosted a Man, saying:

"Papa, may we play in the street?"

The Man replied and spake:

"I should say not. Today is Sunday."

And the Child came back at the Man presently and quoth:

"But, papa, we will call it a sacred concert."

And the Man said nothing, since there was nothing to say.—Detroit Tribune.

The Cheerful Idiot.

The typewriter boarder was in the parlor doing her best to sing "Au Revoir, but Not Goodby," said the cheerful idiot, "that reminds me of a canyon I saw out west."

"Don't see it," remarked the good natured boarder.

"It is such a rocky holler," said the cheerful idiot.—Cincinnati Tribune.

A Woman Still.

In anything men are known to wear
Her wardrobe doesn't lack—
Coats, vests, and pants, and ties, and, there—
She's an andromaniac.

She struts and poses about the house,
Displaying her fancy shirts,
But she screams at the sight of a little mouse
Just the same as a girl in skirts.

—New York Press.

Misfit Talents.

"How did Smithers get along out west?"

"Not very well."

"He was a remarkable fellow—so quick at repartee."

"Yes, that's how the trouble rix. Ef he had been not quite so quick at repartee and a little bit quicker with a gun, he—he might be injyin this climate yit."—Washington Star.

The Limit.

Mrs. Binks (house hunting)—I hope there are no screeching poll parrots in this neighborhood.

Agent—Not one, madam.

Mrs. Binks (with a sigh of relief)—I am glad of that, because we have two, and I really couldn't stand any more.—New York Weekly.

PRINCE BISMARCK.

Here 'tis again. "All that I am I owe to my wife," says Prince Bismarck.—Boston Herald.

Germany's grand old man is widowed. The sympatny of the world is with Bismarck over the death of his princess wife.—New York World.

It is said that Prince Bismarck is firmly convinced that he will die before the end of 1894 and has been so convinced for a number of years.—Boston Globe.

The hardest blow that has ever fallen on Bismarck is the death of his wife, who has been his closest friend since the days when he was unknown to fame. No loss of the favor of the throne could affect him like the loss of his companion.—New York Advertiser.

Precedent.

His will, which has left me no gold,
I'll contest without any delay,
And I'll break it as well, for I'm told
That "where there's a will there's a way."

—New York Herald.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb		@	14
Sides ₩ lb		@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb		@	7
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	20
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	11 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	18	@	25
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	55
Virginia Meal	55	@	57½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
Skim		@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	18½	@	19
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	16 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	2 50	@	3 50
" Extra	3 75	@	4 25
" Straight	3 25	@	
Second Patent	3 50	@	
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	3 50
" Family	3 25	@	
GLUE—₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	55
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	52½	@	53
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	55½	@	55
Corn, mixed, from store		@	60
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	55
Cow Peas		@	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	3½
HAY ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	2½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	9c
North Carolina	6½	@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER Rough sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	18 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	32
" " in bbls		@	36
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" " in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	35	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 15
OILS, ₩ gallon—			
Kerosene	10	@	14
Lard		@	65
Linseed	75	@	80
Rosin	15	@	18
Tar		@	30
Deck and Spar		@	85
POULTRY—			
Chickens, Live, grown	18½	@	20½
" Spring	10	@	20
Turkeys	60	@	1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35	@	50
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—			
Sweet	30	@	45
Irish, ₩ barrel	3 50	@	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess		@	13 50
Rump		@	13 00
Prime		@	13 00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4	@	5
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	60	@	70
" (Lowland)	1 00	@	1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country		@	1½
City		@	1
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	12
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	85
Lisbon		@	85
American		@	85
a 125-₩ Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd		@	4¾
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	2½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	6 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, & M feet—Shipping	12 00	@	13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00	@	9 50
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 50
Common Mill	5 00	@	6 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
TALLOW ₩ lb	5	@	6
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	16
Clear of burrs	10	@	12
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady at 28½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 07½ per bbl. for Strained, and $1 12½ for Good Strained.

TAR—Market quiet at $1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 70 for Virgin.

COTTON.—Steady.

Ordinary	5½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6⅛	" "
Low Middling	6 9-16	" "
Middling	6	" "
Good Middling	6 5-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	69 bales
Spirits Turpentine	40 casks
Rosin	206 bbls
Tar	137 bbls
Crude Turpentine	00 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, February 19—Evening—Money on call to-day was easy 1½ per cent.; with last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487¼ for sixty days and 488¼@488½ for demand. Commercial bills 462¼@462½. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 111½; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 60¾ for three ounces.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK February 19—Evening Cotton dull, middling gulf 6⅞; middling uplands 6¾c.

Futures closed quiet with sales of 33 100 bales; February 6 48, March 6 51, April 6 58c; May 6 58; June 6 61c; July 6.68c, August 6.68c; September 6 73; October 6 79c; November 6 83c; December 6 89c.

Net receipts 1,018 bales; gross receipts 7,777 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 2 858 bales; forwarded 2 779 bales; sales 61 bales, all to spinners; stock (actual) 172,525 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 14,906 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 11,813 bales; stock 970,804 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 85 558 bales; exports to Great Britain 15 987 bales; to France 101 bales; to the Continent 24,810 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,475 693 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,561 447 bales; exports to France 629 059 bales; exports to the Continent 1,787 886 bales.

Flour quiet and steady at quotations; winter wheat, low grades $1 90@$2 80; fair to fancy grades $2 85@3 75; patents $3 80@4 00; Minnesota clear $2 25@3 60, patents $3 25@4 00; low extras $1 90@3 80. Southern flour dull but steady, common to fair extra $1 90@2 75, good to choice do. $2 80@3 25. Wheat—spot market less active and easier, closing steady; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 56c; afloat 57¼c; options were dull and irregular, closing steady at unchanged prices to ¼c decline, with trading entirely of a local order, with the changes following the West; No. 2 red February 56c; March 56¾c; May 57¾c. Corn—spot dull

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. As We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and Two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. **Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case.** You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box. 6 for $5. Sent by mail. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents.

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DANVILLE, VA., Dec. 4, 1894.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I have used your **Mexican Mustang Liniment** for over 30 years on my trotting and stage horses for all kind of sprains and bruises that horses are liable to, and consider it the best Liniment in use. I recommend it to all farmers and persons using horses.

T. PAXSON,
Formerly of
Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

[Transporter of U. S. mails for 12 years between Buffalo Lithia Springs and Scottsburg, Va. Owner of the celebrated trotting horse "Twister." Now proprietor of Hotel Normandie, Danville, Va.]

The Moraitry Star.

HOMEMADE DRESSES.

THE DOLMAN MANTLE AND HOW TO CUT IT.

More Elegant Than a Jacket, It Is Easier For an Amateur to Fashion—How to Regulate Length and Width—New Blouse Waists.

[Copyright, 1895, by American Press Association.]

The latest move of importance in dressmaking is the renewal of the dolman cape or mantle without sleeves. These are made long, generally reaching below the knee. They are adapted for evening wraps, for the street and visiting, and they are always more elegant and dressy than any jacket for women. The jacket is better adapted for youth and for ordinary wear.

In making a three-quarter dolman mantle the pattern can be drafted easily from the diagram herewith, the front edge being laid even with the selvage, with as much turned in as may be desired. This, however, must be allowed for before the rest is marked. It will be noticed that on the shoulder seam there is one flattened space that is 4 inches wide, and following the two lines down is to be laid in a plait, which allows for the opening for the hands. The width across the bust from the X marks, aside from the space marked for the plait, should be the size of the bust from the arm size and should be easy, not tight. The circular line shows the rounded shoulder portion. The width of each front at the bottom should depend somewhat on the figure of the wearer, but a good way to get it is to pass a tapeline around the body where the bottom of the mantle will be and get the number of inches, divide it into three, two parts for the fronts and the other for the back.

The back part is cut on the fold of the cloth, and the lower portion is not divided. The jog is to be laid in two flat plaits at the waist line. The center back seam should first be seamed and pressed flat, these plaits laid in and sewed down under neat arrowheads. The front plait should then be laid and stitched to the lining. The lining of the front part should be narrower by the size of the plait than the outside. The lining and outside should be sewed together, turned and pressed. The plait will then fall naturally into place and can be basted and later stitched into place.

The armholes are marked OO and should be cut and bound from the inside. The shoulder seams should then be sewed together, and then the back and front portions basted carefully, beginning from the bottom. The back portion should have been lined and pressed and the seams basted firmly about two inches from the edge to allow the lining on that side to lie back and not be taken in with the seam.

When the backs and fronts are basted together, the upper portion of the circular part will be gathered closely into the space left for it and sewed firmly to the shoulder. The lining all around is left loose from the material, and as soon as the seams are pressed it should be felled down very neatly, the stitches taking hold upon the pressed seams only. Another slight pressing with medium hot irons will add to the smooth appearance of the garment. An ease belt or ribbon is to be fastened at the waist line in the back to hold that snug.

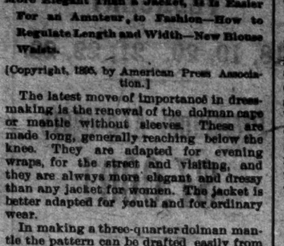

DIAGRAM OF DOLMAN MANTLE.

There remains now the ornamentation. The collar may be a plain turndown, or there may be a high medicis, or, in fact, any kind proving becoming. A sprung or slashed overcape is sometimes added, particularly when the mantle is intended for evening wear, and this is bordered with fur of some kind. When the mantle is made of plush, velvet or heavy silk, a rich trimming of passementerie or heavy lace applique or silk embroidery may be put on, and a border of fine black skunk-skin is always an addition.

When it is desired to lengthen this into a long cloak, all there is to do is to lengthen the lines, always making it a little larger around the bottom, as it is longer. When the garment is made of woolen goods, it must be evenly shrunken before it is made up; otherwise dampness may entirely change its form. When it is desired as a warm winter wrap, it should be interlined with a flexible flannel made for the purpose, or it may be lined with fur, such as Siberian squirrel. Many ladies have old circular capes lined with that fur, and it can be utilized to line a mantle.

The cape, if any, to wear over this style of mantle must fit the shoulders flat and fall smoothly down. When finished, the lady who likes to wear a distinguished and elegant garment will be pleased.

A word may be said on the distinguishing feature of the new blouse waist and how to attain it. There are full gathered fronts and backs, with belts, as usual, but the front of the waist is rounded downward about two to four inches. The fronts are lined somewhat stiffly, and then the gathers, or plaits, as may be, are taken in and sewed to the belt. This sets the front on shoulders, and to these the waist is gathered in Garibaldi style. Others have the sleeves lengthened on the top and the extra length plaited up to the collar in a plait 1¼ inches wide.

OLIVE HARPER.

Rumford's Vindictive Wife.

Count Rumford, the scientist, married Mme. Lavoisier, the widow of a philosopher and herself a devotee of philosophy. In one of his letters still extant poor Rumford wrote, "I have the misfortune to be married to one of the most unfeeling, imperious, tyrannical women that ever existed, whose perseverance in pursuing an object is equal to her profound wickedness and cunning in framing it." When she was vexed, which was nearly all the time, she vented her spleen by breaking the bottles that contained his anatomical specimens, by upsetting his apparatus on the floor, throwing his books out of the windows and pouring boiling water on his botanial collections.

How to Select Furniture.

Let the furniture be suited to its use, solidly good in quality, subdued rather than loud in taste and such as will give a homelike look to your apartments.—Exchange.

THE ODDITY.

Alf Nicholson, a colored boy of Pensacola, Fla., has fiery red eyes.

The laws of China count getting out of temper in public as an offense, the punishment for it being five days' imprisonment.

A superstition firmly believed today by sailors is that of Vanderkecken and his ghastly craft eternally atttempting to weather the cape of Good Hope.

Incitatus, the famous horse of the Roman Emperor Caligula, was ordained as a priest and consul, had a manger of ivory and was given a gallon of wine from a gold pail every day.

An Albany (Ga.) dame, who tried to rid her premises of rats by soaking hominy in arsenic water, says that the entire tribe of rodents now inhabiting her place are of snowy whiteness, but still alive and frisky.

A physician who died lately in Glasgow left his entire fortune to his wife, who had endeared herself to him by leaving him three months after their marriage "to a peaceful and quiet life." A peculiar and eminently Scotch manifestation of gratitude.

A Song of Freeze.

Freeze! freeze! freeze!
From early morn till night.
And freeze! freeze! freeze!
While the stars are shining bright.
It's, oh, for one brief hour
To feel as we used to feel
Ere we pawned our coat for a dollar note
And a melon made a meal!

—Atlanta Constitution.

LIVE STOCK

A PICTURESQUE CLIPPER.

Hard to Tell the Real Color of a Fashionable Horse.

When a horse's coat was left the way nature made it, it was easy to distinguish a bay from a sorrel or a dun from a brown. But now fashion dictates that carriage horses must be kept as closely shaven as a convict's pate, and, except black and white ones, they look all of one color. Nature lets their hair grow long in winter so as to protect them from the cold. Fashion says the hair must be clipped off and blankets substituted to keep the horse warm. Fashion

HORSE CLIPPING MACHINE.

has also decreed that the horse's tail must be cut off short and a linen robe put over him to keep flies off.

The illustration shows one of the machines that operate to give the smooth, hairless skin to the city horse. The only thing that can be said in favor of clipping the equine coat is that during the shedding season it prevents flying hairs from covering the carriage and harness and even getting inside upon my lady's hat. But when the animals are shaved off smooth and driven in bitter midwinter weather without blankets, as they are sometimes, then fashion becomes barbarous cruelty. The clipping instrument that the barber uses to shave men's heads in summer is constructed on the same principle as the horse clipper.

Horse and Colt Feed.

To begin, it is essential in order to obtain the greatest growth for the least outlay that all grain should be fed bruised and in conjunction with cut or chopped hay. A hay cutter should form a part of every farm's equipment. A large bin should be constructed on the main floor of the feedhouse.

The grain grinder may be set on the ground floor, as the ground feed is more easily handled from the mill than the cut hay. Hay cutters are operated at such high speed that unless there is a hole in the floor, through which the machine may be relieved of its product by the simple force of gravitation, floor room is rapidly taken up and loss of time ensues. It pays the owner of any large number of horses to grind his own grain and cut his own hay. Either a tread power, sweep power or a small engine may be used to advantage, the engine being the most convenient. Bran also should be largely used in compounding a ration for young, growing horses or brood mares, and at its present prices, $12 to $13 per ton, it is economical food. In feeding the colts the object is to produce bone and muscle.

Ground oats and barley are the best muscle makers and fed with cut hay bran and a little linseed meal will give very satisfactory results. The last named food is, as is well known, a byproduct of the linseed oil mills and can be obtained at a very moderate figure. A pound per day for each colt will, in the course of the winter, add greatly to the nutriment derived from coarser grains and keep the colt's stomach in good condition. It must be laid down as beyond the possibility of contradiction that to stint the colts or brood mares in their feed because grain is high in price is a suicidal policy and one the effects of which will be felt on the farm for many a long season. For this reason true economy is in feeding judiciously. This is achieved by feeding the colts a ration of ground barley and oats, bran and cut hay. The mass should be slightly dampened, but not fed sloppy by any means. In the coldest of the winter days some ground corn may be used in place of one or other of the grains mentioned. It makes a change, and being heating may be used to advantage for a few days.

Roots should be fed in abundance, both boiled and raw. Rutabagas, turnips or carrots are all keenly relished by horses and have a very beneficial effect on their stomachs. To the evening feed some boiled roots may be added and fed regularly with great relish. Rutabagas are the best for this purpose. Carrots also do very well cooked, but as they are very palatable a few fed raw with the morning or noon ration form a welcome change. This year the feeding of wheat to horses has become somewhat general, and if the present prices of this great staple product are to remain below 60 cents it may be that it will come into general use as a horse food. It is not likely that wheat will ever be used by itself, either ground or whole, as a horse food, but it may be that it can be profitably fed in conjunction with some of the other feeds we have mentioned. An abundant supply of roughage should be given the colts, and the greater the variety offered them the better progress will they make. With weanlings the racks should not be stuffed full and the colts left to work away at them for days until they get them emptied. A well bred weanling is a dainty feeder, which fact should be noted and taken advantage of in this way. If a little hay is given them often, they will eat more of it, as it will not be breathed on and pulled about as it is if a lot of it is left with them for any length of time.

Nicely cured corn fodder, cut at the right time and not too coarse, is readily eaten by all horses, and if run through a shredder and stored in the barn is a most economical food. Prairie or even marsh hay makes an appetizing change from the regulation timothy, and good first crop clover may be fed with the very best results to colts of all ages.—Horseman.

THE CYNIC.

So many people mistake felony for folly.

Some people make a living out of other people's curiosity.

Don't abuse deceitful people, for you are one of them. Every one is deceitful.

Every man is full of philosophy which he is unable to apply to his own necessities.

Unless a pretty woman has sense her bait is constantly surrounded by fish that never bite.

Every one likes an old person who is cheerful. It is the only trump card old people have left—cheerfulness.

When the women stop insisting that a woman is not pretty, it is a good sign that she is falling off in her looks.

Raising children is like making biscuits—it is no easy to raise a big batch as one biscuit while you have your hands in the dough.—Atchison Globe.

SOME FRENCH MAXIMS.

To translate a book is to undress ideas.

To talk loud and firmly is to use the arguments of fools.

Moral thoughts improve nobody, not even the person who writes them.

A book of notes and impressions which does not contain contradictory ideas is not a sincere work.

Lack of logic is one of the conditions of charm. Martyrs lack irony, and this is an unpardonable fault, because without irony the world would be similar to a forest without birds. Irony is the gayety of reflection and the joy of wisdom.—"French Folly In Maxims," H. P. Du Bois.

GOOD HEALTH

FRIGOTHERAPEUTICS.

A New Way to Get Up an Appetite—The Ice Cure For Dyspepsia.

Professor Pictet is reported by the French exchanges to have put before the Academy of Medicine the whole system of frigotherapeutics. He began by experimenting on dogs and found that when they were plunged into a bath at low temperature and when kept there for some time they became ravenously hungry. Being himself a sufferer from stomach disease, he had forgotten what it was to have an appetite. So he descended into the refrigerating tank at a temperature many degrees below zero. He wrapped a thick pelisse and other warm clothes about him, but after four minutes he began to feel hungry. At the end of eight minutes he climbed out of the tank with a painfully keen appetite. Many such experiments were made. All meals taken after a short stay in the refrigerator agreed with him. He found that his dyspepsia was cured after the tenth descent.

Certain French physicians are also reported as having cured colds by applying ice to the spine.

ETIQUETTE

FADS AND FANCIES.

Society Levies New Taxes—Debutantes' Bouquets—Engagement Presents.

The recent receptions in honor of debutantes have been characterized by a lavish display of bouquets. Thus far this season great extravagance has been shown by the admirers of the debutantes in sending congratulations in the form of flowers, according to New York exchanges. One recent debutante received during the afternoon 40 bouquets of carefully selected flowers, and one of the bouquets was entirely of rare orchids. Vases gave out, and the floral expressions of admiration were piled on the piano, on the mantels and in chairs. One well known matron expended in one week $250 for debutante bouquets. The custom of giving engagement presents is also growing and has become a large item in the expense accounts of men and women of society. The custom appears to have been taken into high favor in Boston, where, upon the recent announcement of the engagement of a well known society girl, she received 75 engagement presents. In fashionable society also every effort is made that the gift for a wedding shall be original. Recently at one swell wedding one lady had made to order and sent to the bride a gold matchbox studded with precious stones. Another woman sent a coffeepot made of ivory and gold after designs of her own fashioning.

Pitfalls of Card Etiquette.

When an unmarried lady is calling on a married couple with daughters, what cards should she leave? She can leave one for the mother and one for the daughters, if friends of hers, or one for the mother, with the corner turned down, but she must not leave a card for the husband, because ladies do not leave cards upon married men, and only upon bachelors and widowers after entertainments given by them, at which they have been present.

The Gentlewoman.

A gentlewoman smiles, but never laughs. She talks, but never questions. She is interested and sympathetic, but never presuming. She is so soft of voice that but one in an audience may hear her speech. She is clean, kind and quiet—quiet in her dress, her manner, her step and her speech. She is restful. She is good. She is womanly.

CHICAGO'S SEARCHLIGHT.

Before reforming the police Chicago would do well to scour up the aldermen a trifle.—Milwaukee Journal.

Chicago's imitation of the Lexow investigation is apparently designed chiefly for advertising purposes.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Chicago police force is to be subjected to a fire of civil service questions. They will have to be easy ones.—Indianapolis News.

The municipal league should go to Parkhurst in Chicago. If ever a city needed a Lexow, Chicago does.—Council Bluffs Nonpareil.

A $30 blackmailing story seems to be the best that the Chicago Lexow reformers can turn out, and this g—r C—go.—Council Bluffs Nonpareil.

The attention of the country is likely to be attracted soon to Chicago, where arrangements are being made to begin a police investigation similar to that in New York city. There are no activities in which Chicago may not hope to become a distinguished success.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Impressed.

Fenderson—Evidently my friends think I'm smart, whatever you may say. I know that whenever I say a bright thing they remember it for months.

Fogg—I should think they might.—Boston Transcript.

Reaction.

He hired a neat little sleigh
And rode about feeling quite gaigh.
But when the bill came
He called it a shame
And very near fainted awaigh.
—Chicago Inter Ocean.

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LADIES
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JAS. D. NUTT, The Druggist.

jan 27 tf

THE LANCET. THE GREATEST.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 27th, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M: No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.55 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.22 p m, Tarboro 3.45 p m, Weldon 5.40 p m, Petersburg 6.58 p m, Richmond 8.45 p m, Norfolk 6.10 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.40 a m, Philadelphia 2.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, Boston 8.40 p m.

DAILY 7.40 P M: No. 46—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.56 a m, Rocky Mount 11.14 p m, Weldon 12.53 a m, Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 2.45 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M: No. 45—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.43 p m, Chadbourn 5.15 p m, Marion 6.31 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Aiken 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.39 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 9.18 a m, Augusta 9.50 a m, Macon 11.06 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 12.15 p m, Savannah 1.10 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, 8.5; Augustine 13.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M: No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 6.45 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 2.55 p m, Warsaw 5.40 p m, Magnolia 6.00 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.15 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.44 p m, †Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 8.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.25 a m, Goldsboro 7.00 a m, Warsaw 8.35 a m, Magnolia 8.50 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 7.40 P M: No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 9.40 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, sumter 6.42 p m, Atalka 7.04 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 1.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.35 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 2.40 p m, Hall six 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a m, arrive Parmele 8.40 a m,; Tarboro 9.50; returning leaves Tarboro 4.50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p m, arrives Washington 7.35 p m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5.00 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 5.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.00 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 1.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4.30 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 7.49 a m, arrive Latta 8.10 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 8.32 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.48 p m, arrive Pee Dee 8.49 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington, Chadbourn and Conway Railroad leave Hub 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 12.30 p m, leave Conway 2.00 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.35 a m, 8.3 a m, 3.50 p m, arrive Darlington 8.15 a m, 9.05 a m, 9.15 p m, Har sville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 10.35 a m, Wadesboro 12.30 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsell e 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.00 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 a m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 8 p m, arrive Lanes 8.32 a m, 5.32 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville B anch leave Wilson 9.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 3.58 p m, Smithfield 5.08 p m, Dunn 8.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.13 a m, Rowland 5.55 p m, leave Rowland 8.30 p m, Fayetteville 10.10 a m, 9.10 p m, Dunn 11.19 a m, Smithfield 11.44 a m, Selma 11.13 a m, arrive Wilson 12.43 p m, 11.13 p m.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 5 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.

Daily Except Sunday.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND	
1	2		1	3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	M	P M
6 20	7 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 00	7 00
7 15	7 55	Lv.. Surry street ..Ar	11 05	6 30
4 29	11 27	Lv.. Jacksonville ..Lv	10 07	4 30
4 58	10 57	Lv.. Maysville ..Lv	9 31	3 30
6 08	11 33	Lv.. Pollocksville ..Lv	9 03	2 00
6 40	12 00	Ar.. Newbern ..Lv	8 40	1 30
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 5.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 5.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

J. W. Norwood, H. Walters, J. S. Worth,

PRESIDENT. VICE-PRESIDENT. CASHIER.

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3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child wishing to deposit. feb 15 tf

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Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT FEB. 17, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar.. Wilmington ..Lve	7 35 a. m.
4 42 "	Le.. Fayetteville ..Ar	10 30 "
4 53 "	Ar.. Fayetteville ..Le	10 55 "
5 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Le	10 20 "
3 17 "	Le.... Sanford.... Ar	12 16 "
1 38 "	Le.... Climax.... Le	2 20 p. m
1 01 "	Le.... Greensboro.... Ar	2 53 "
12 58 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Le	3 10 "
12 13 "	Le.... Stokesdale.... Ar	3 55 "
11 45 a m	Le.... Walnut Cove.... Ar	4 25 "
11 25 "	Ar.... Walnut Cove.... Le	4 45 "
11 06 "	Le.... Rural Hall.... Le	5 01 "
9 45 "	Le.... Mt Airy.... Ar	6 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	Reidsville Division	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No 3.		No. 4.
7 55 p m	Ar.. Bennettsville.. Lv	7 00 a. m.
6 21 "	Lv.... Marion.... Lv	8 40 "
5 40 "	Lv.... Red Springs.... Lv	9 40 "
4 59 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	9 6 "
4 38 "	Lv.... Fayetteville.. Ar	10 05 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday	Factory and M. Grove Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.
No. 15 MIXED.		No. 16. MIXED.
5 40 p. m.	At.... Hamlet.... Lv	8 50 a. m.
4 00 "	Lv.... Climax.... Lv	10 35 "
3 05 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Green boro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 58 "
Arrive Madison	11 15 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 25 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 57 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 55 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line North and Southbound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all Points North and South, and a Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No. 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

feb 17 tf

St ABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS

Wilmington, N. C. Jan. 30, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 23 Daily	No 402 Daily	
	P. M	P. M.	A. M.	
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 30	.....	..

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 20, 1895

THE BOND ISSUE.

Prospectus Issued for the New Four Per Cent. Loan—Over Twenty Million Dollars Paid to the U. S. Treasury.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 19.—The Belmont-Morgan syndicate issued the prospectus for the new 4 per cent. loan this afternoon. The bonds are offered at 119¼ with accrued interest from February 1st. Of the purchase price 19¼ will be payable on allotment and the remainder 100 per cent. on or before March 1st or upon delivery of the bonds as provided, with interest at 4 per cent. per annum from March 1st. The subscription list will be opened at 10 a. m. to-morrow and will be closed without notice.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The United States Treasurer reports that up to, and including February 18th the Treasury had received in gold coin on account of the recent sale of bonds to the Belmont-Morgan syndicate $20 484 500, and had given in exchange for the same certificates entitling the holders to $19,603,402 in the bonds when ready for delivery. The amount of gold paid in represents the principal and accrued interest. The bonds will bear date of February 1st, 1895, and interest on them will be paid by the Treasury from that time. As the gold is paid in by the syndicate accrued interest from February 1st, 1895, ceases.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced two to four points, but weakened at one time. The close was one to two poins higher for the day and quiet, with sales of 33,100 bales. February notices are due on Thursday. Not many are expected. Bolton, England, manufacturers will reduce wages 5 per cent. if 80 per cent. of the manufacturers will agree to do so. A short time ago the consolidated port stock was 100 000 bales less than at the same time last year. Now it is 24,000 bales more than then. There is a rumor of possible short time in New England. The Texas State report, dated February 14, says that the ground is in a favorble condition for ploughing and planting crops of all kinds. Liverpool advanced one point to-day but lost it and closed steady. Spot sales 80,000 at firm and unchanged prices. Manchester was quiet. Exports from the ports to day 11,818. to the Continent. New Orleans declined one point for May and then recovered it. The receipts at the ports to-day were 14,606, against 34 426 this day last week and 17,659 last year; thus far this week 35,558, against 75,911 for the same time last week. The total for the week is estimated at 90,000, against 141 002 last week and 82,627 last year. New Orleans receipts to-morrow are estimated at 5 000 to 7,000 bales, against 14,569 last Wednesday and 6,975 last year.

To-day's features: The light receipts at the ports and the unexpectedly firm Liverpool advices pushed up the prices a little in spite of some weakness in Liverpool later on and selling here by New Orleans. New Orleans was voluble in bull talk, but sent selling orders just the same, and the market down there was not so firm as in New York by any means. The receipts there to-morrow are expected to be comparatively light, however, and the total for all ports this week is now expected to be 50,000 bales less than that of last week. So prices advanced, though many dropped March and took later positions, and there were larger offerings of spot cotton by the South, to say nothing of the expectation of larger receipts at the ports and the interior towns when the roads improves. Still there are those who believe in the old maxim: "They laugh best, who laugh last." They belive that the evils of the present system will bring their own remedy. And this remedy will be, they think, a reduced consumption of fleeces and a diminished acreage. In fact the prevalent idea is that a rise just now must be from the very nature of the case temporary, inasmuch as it is believed that there is a large quantity of cotton to come forward which cold weather and bad roads cannot destroy, though they retard the work of transportation. There are some plucky bulls however, who are full of fight and are only biding their time. They seem to be acting on the maxim that "patience is bitter, but its fruit is sweet."

GRAIN AND PORVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Lower—Corn Higher—Pork Products Somewhat Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, February 18.—Bradstreet's reported a decrease in the world's visible supply of 2,880,000 bushels, without practically moving prices. The weakness at the opening was owing to the heavy receipts in the Northwest—550 cars. May wheat opened from 53⅛c to 53⅛@52⅝c, sold 53c and 52⅛c, closing at the latter—⅛@¼c under yesterday. Cash wheat was dull, without change in quotations.

Corn—Bradstreet's reported a decrease in the available stocks of 322 000 bushels. May corn opened from 44⅜c to 44⅛@44⅝c, sold between 44⅜@44⅞c and 44⅛@44⅝c, closing at the inside—⅛@⅜c under yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ⅛@⅛c higher, closing nominally easy.

Oats clung tenaciously to the one price, 29 cents for the day, only advancing a fraction above and declining a fraction lower in a few instances, but finally closing at 28⅞c—⅛c under yesterday. The absence of trade explained the narrowness of the range, the tone being derived from wheat and corn. Bradstreet's reported a reduction in stocks of 235,000 bushels. Fresh oats were ⅛c per bushel higher, closing easy.

Provisions—The notable feature in the product was the buying which was said to be for Pardridge. If the high-roller was attempting to bull this market he met with poor success, the offerings at all times being quite large enough to accommodate buyers with a little over. The hog market was firm early and served to steady provisions, but a later report from the yards was less favorable and caused an easier feeling. At the close may pork was 5c. lower than yesterday; May lard a shade lower, and May ribs 2½c. lower. Receipts were smaller, the shipments free. Domestic and foreign markets were steady.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 19.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 31½@32c. Rosin quiet and firmer; strained common to good $1 40@1 42½.

CHARLESTON, February 19—Spirits turpentine firm at 28½c; receipts — casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10; receipts 6 barrels.

SAVANNAH, February 19—Spirits turpentine opened and closed at 29c for regulars; no sales; receipts 33 casks; after the close of the market there were frequent bids at 29½c, but holders asked 30c. Rosin opened and closed firm and unchanged.

Diamonds at Dingelhoef's to-day. Everybody goes to the auction. †

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

SENATOR VILAS' SPEECH IN DEFENCE OF PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

The Free Silver Coinage Bill Under Consideration—Conference Report on the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation Bill Agreed to—Other Appropriation Bills Considered in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Senator Vilas made a long, able and eloquent speech in the Senate to-day in defence of the President of the United States, and his Secretary of the Treasury in the matter of the sale of $62,000,000 of four per cent. bonds for gold. The speech was made on the bill before the Senate for free coinage of silver, but had no reference whatever to that bill. Mr. Vilas showed that the President had endeavored to get Congress to act upon the financial difficulties in which the Treasury had found itself by the drainage of gold and that as Congress had declined to act, he had to avail himself of the power which the existing laws gave him and to buy gold by the issue of bonds. The price obtained for the bonds, Mr. Vilas contended, was the highest that could be obtained under the circumstances; or, in other words, 3¾ per cent. was the lowest rate of interest at which the bonds would be taken by the great banking houses which had been applied to. Three and five-eighths per cent. had been offered in all the great money centres and had been refused, and all because the bonds did not provide specifically repayment in gold coin.

After Mr. Vilas' speech Mr. Platt made a speech against the free silver bill itself.

An effort was made by Mr. Jones to have a time fixed for taking the final vote on the bill, but as its antagonist refused to fix any time the debate went on, and Mr. Platt is at this hour, 7 p. m., engaged in arguing against the bill.

Another proposition to have the vote taken to-morrow was made by Mr. Jones and objected to by Mr. Alrich who said when the bill was first introduced by Mr. Jones it contained nine sections, including one for the issue of $500 000,000 in bonds and one for the retirement of greenbacks, and he thought that the Senate was entitled to an explanation as as to why those eight sections had been abandoned. As all attempts to have an hour fixed for taking the vote met with objection, Mr. Platt went on with his speech. He gave it as his belief, in which he knew many of his Republican associates would not agree with him, that the vice of the whole financial situation in the country lay in the paper currency issued by the Government.

There was an unusually large attendance of Senators this morning, probably in view of the expected contest over the Free Silver Coinage bill, and the galleries were also well filled with interested spectators. The routine morning business, however, consumed the first half hour with matters of little public concern.

A conference report on the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill was presented and agreed to. All the differences between the two Houses on that bill have been arranged except as to the appropriation of $500 000 to begin the construction of the cable to Hawaii, on which the conferees were unable to agree. A further conference was ordered on that item.

The Senate passed a bill to aid in the erection of a monument to the Maryland heroes of the Revolutionary war. It appropriates $40,000 to be expended by the Maryland Society of the American Revolution, to aid in erecting in Baltimore a suitable monument to the memory of the patriots who died in establishing the independence of the United States.

The credentials of Mr. Wilson, the new Senator from the State of Washington, were presented and he was sworn in, thus completing the full Senate membership to 87.

Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, then moved to take up the regular order, his free coinage bill, and it was agreed to—36 to 27. Then the tug of war was on. The bill was read in full. In the opening skirmish, Mr. Jones said, the friends of his bill were willing to put the matter to a test now without a word of debate.

It was apparent, howver, that no vote could be taken at once nor at any time that could be definitely stated, so Mr. Jones said he had only to request that the debate would proceed as rapidly as possible, and that the vote must be had at the earliest possible hour. He would, therefore, ask the Senate to remain in session to-day until a vote was got if that could be accomplished.

The general debate was opened by Mr. Vilas, the tenor of his remarks being given above. While Mr. Vilas was speaking Mr. Aldrich sought to read a dispatch just received, but Mr. Vilas declined to yield for that purpose. The dispatch he intended to read was as follows:

"*London, Feb 19*—The prospectus for the new bonds was issued at 6 p. m. here. It is for $63 000 000, one-half to ba placed in America and the other half in London. The issue price here is 115¼, or 227 pounds per $1 000, Ten per cent. of the price is payable on application. Payments are to be completed in four installments, ending July 23d. The lists will open Wednesday and close Thursday or sooner.

[Signed] DOW JONES & CO."

Mr. Vilas concluded his argument with the declaration that "The people of the United States love their honor as they prize their liberty, and their sober judgment never has tolerated and never will tolerate the National reproach of the least equivocation in dealing with its creditors. That gentleman never lived, however high bred, honorable and chivalrous, whose sense of honor was keener, higher or more sensitive than the public opinion of the free men of America."

Mr. Vilas spoke for nearly four hours and commanded close attention all through his speech. When he took his seat Mr. Squire (Rep., Wash) went to the clerk's desk and had read the Act of June 25th, 1878, expressly declaring that all U. S. bonds payable in coin should be paid in gold or silver coin at the option of the Government. That act, he said, was a full and complete answer to the entire argument of the Senator from Wisconsin.

A conference report on the bill as to the time when income tax returns are to be made was presented and explained by Mr. Vest and agreed to.

Mr. Platt then took the floor to speak against the bill and has held it until this writing, with occasional interruptions by members who sought to terminate the debate either by coming to a vote or to an adjournment.

At 8 p m. the Republican opponents of the Silver bill began a system of obstruction tactics under the lead of Mr Aldrich. He moved that the Senate proceed to Executive business and while the Senate was waiting for the appearance of a quorum, negotiations were being carried on for a way out of the difficulty, and the sucess of these negotiations of which Mr. Cockrell was the principal manager, was apparent when, at 9 p. m., a quorum being secured, the motion for an Executive session was withdrawn by Mr. Aldrich, and the following resolution was offered by Mr Wolcott, (being the one agreed upon among the negotiators):

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that the welfare and prosperity of the United States require the enactment of a law for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

Resolved, That in view of the fact that this Congress will expire by law on the 4th of March, and that there are important appropriations bills requiring the attention of the Senate, it is the sense of the Senate that the consideration of such a law be not entered upon at this session of Congress.

"Let that resolution lie over till to-morrow and be printed," said Mr. Jones, of Arkansas.

The resolution went over and the Senate at 9 p m., on motion of Mr. Jones, adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Another day was spent in consideration of the Naval Appropriation bill without disposing of it. The proceedings were marked by several spirited passages between Mr. Sayers, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations and members of the Committee on Naval Affairs over amendments offered by the former to reduce the amounts carried in the bill. Only in two of these was the Texas member successful, and then the amounts were insignificant. At the beginning of the consideration of the bill Chairman O'Neill (Democrat, Massachusetts) overruled the point of order made yesterday by Mr. Sayers against the proposed increase of the force of enlisted men in the Navy, holding that it was in order, notwithstanding existing statutes limiting the number to 9,000 men. From this ruling Mr. Sayers appealed, but the Committee of the Whole sustained the Chair—143 to 87. And against this Mr. Sayers uttered his earnest protest.

In the course of the day several other important matters were acted upon by the House. The joint resolution reported yesterday by the Committee on Ways and Means, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to suspend the shipment in bond through the United States of goods destined for the free zone of Mexico, was passed.

A conference was agreed to on the Agricultural Appropriation bill. The report of the conference upon the joint resolution extending from March 1 to April 15, 1895, the time within income tax returns may be made, was agreed to.

The statement of the conferees was as follows: "The effect of the action on the first amendment of the Senate is to allow the owner of real estate to deduct the amount necessarily paid for fire insurance from the income from the same, when making his return. It applies only to real estate. It does not enlarge in other respects the amount of deductions that may be made. Under the income tax law deduction might be made for necessary repairs, but not for betterments. This provision remains and is not enlarged by the amendments agreed upon.

"The effect of the second amendment is to require corporations to return the tax list of corporate property and relieve the individual of the necessity of doing so. It is agreed to by the conferees to prevent the possibility of double taxation. Whilst the law guarded against this, it was thought not improper to add any additional assurance thereof that was necessary. The amendment added by the conferees to the second amendment frees employers from the necessity for returning the names and salaries of their employes except when called for by the collector to verify the returns of employes. For the purpose the right will still exist.

From the third amendment (limiting interrogatories tax-payers shall be required to answer to those specifically provided in the act) the Senate conferees recede. This was thought best not only for the Government but for the tax-payers.

The House at 5.10 adjourned until to-morrow.

WILL NOT ACCEPT.

Terms Offered by the Southern Railway Company Rejected by Its Employes.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

WASHINGTON, February 19.—The committee of employes of the Southern Railway Company, which has been in session in Washington for nearly a week, has been unable to come to an agreement with the representatives of the railway company. The company, through its third vice-president, Mr. Baldwin, made a very full and frank statement of the affairs of the company, and showed why it was not advisable that there should be a general increase in wages as demanded by the employes. Since receiving the statement the employes' committee has been in secret session and has finally concluded not to accept the schedule proposed by Mr. Baldwin, and the grand chiefs of the various Trainsmen Brotherhoods have been summoned to this city, to assist, if possible, in arriving at a satisfactory arrangement of the difficulty. These men are expected to arrive here to-night. Those into whose hands the matter now passes are Mr. P. M. Arthur Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; Mr. E E Clark, Grand Chief of the Locomotive Railway Conductors; Mr. Wilkinson, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and P. F. Sargeant, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Firemen.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

A Prominent Business Man of Baltimore Who Had Been Guilty of Fraudulent Practices.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, February 19.—The suicide a few weeks ago of Wm. W. Crozier, a prominent business man of this city, was at the time generally attributed to temporary insanity. It developed to-day that he had been guilty of fradulent practices and is believed committed suicide rather than face disgrace.

Mr. Crosier was the only surviving member of the firm of H. S. Lanlair & Co., and a large dealer in canned goods. Throughout the Winter he was a bull in the market, and just previous to his death stored thousands of cases, obtaining warehouse receipts therefor. The receipts he hypothecated, receiving large advances from banks. When 50,000 cases of goods, on storage in Brown's warehouse, were overhauled, it was discovered that over 5,000 cases supposed to contain cove oysters were filled with tomatoes and corn. The packer says he was instructed by Mr. Crosier to stencil the cases as containing oysters. The loss through this fraud will be about $10,000. Meantime the investigation is going on, but the system of lending money to fruit and oyster packers on goods in storage has received a severe shock. The banks will not be able to recover their losses from the estate.

WRECK ON SOUTHERN R. R.

Twenty-two Cars Off the Track—No One Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, February 19.—A Spartanburg special to the *News and Courier* says: A freight train on the Southern Railway near Thickety was derailed. There were twenty two cars off the track. The blockade had not been removed up to 8 p. m. The north-bound vestibule reached here at 7 o'clock and went to Charlotte by way of Columbia. No one was injured except one brakeman, whose hand was bruised.

The old plantation lighthouse "Maryland," near Cape Charles, has been abandoned by its keeper.

Diamonds at Dingelhoef's to-day. Everybody goes to the auction. †

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Proposals Received at the Navy Department for Construction of Three Seagoing Torpedo Boats.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 19.—Proposals were opened at the Navy Department to-day for the construction, exclusive of armament and torpedoes, of three metallic, twin-screw, seagoing torpedo boats of about 138 tons displacement, with a speed of 24½ knots maintained for at least two consecutive hours. The appropriation of Congress allows $450,000 for the construction of the three vessels, which, with all their materials, must be wholly of domestic manufacture. Proposals of two classes were permitted, one being strictly to the plans and specifications of the Navy Department and the other upon designs of the bidders fulfilling the conditions of speed and economy prescribed by the Department. The proposals will all be referred to a board of Bureau officers, including Chief Constructor Hichborn, Engineer-in-Chief Melville and Judge Advocate-General Lemly, who will report to Secretary Herbert on the plans, and it is not expected that the contracts will be awarded for at least a month.

The bidders are the Bath Iron Works, of Bath, Maine; Dialogue & Son, Camden, N. J.; Columbian Iron Works, Baltimore; Hugh Ramsey, Perth Amboy, N. J.; Union Iron Works, San Fancisco; Fulton Engineering and Ship-Building Works, San Francisco; Iowa Iron Works, Dubuque, Ia.; Herresoffs, of Bristol, R. I. Naval officers are highly gratified over the results of the competition which show that the boats will cost less money than was expected. The contract price for the Cushing, 105 tons, was $82 750, or $788 per ton; for the Ericsson, 120 tons, $113 5f0, or $946 per ton, while the lowest bid for the new vessels of 138 tons is $79 500, or $706 per ton. The proposals will be thoroughly examined and the modified plans considered before an award is recommended. The bids of the Bath Iron Works, J. H Dialogue & Son, Fulton Engineering Works and the Iowa Iron Works, it is thought, will be laid aside as too high The lowest bidders have already furnished the navy with the cruisers Detroit, Montgomery, and Petrel, all satisfactory ships.

BOYCOTT DECLARED

Against the Seaboard Air Line by Commissioner Stahlman of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA GA., February 19.—A boycott has been declared against the Seaboard Air Line railway system by Commissioner Stahlman, of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. The Commissioner states in his circular that the Seaboard, including the Georgia, Carolina and Northern, has not maintained rates on cotton. He says that during the past two months sweeping irregularities, manipulations and rate-cutting had been indulged in by this system on Western traffic embraced in classes C, D and F.

A Seaboard official denies the charges of manipulation and is quoted as saying that the Seaboard can stand the boycott if the Association can.

BALTIMORE, February 19.—R. C. Hoffman, president of the Seaboard Air Line Railway Co., said to-night that he had received no official advices touching the boycott of his company by the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. He stated that none of the charges of rate-cutting and irregularities frequently made against the Seaboard Company had been sustained; at least he was not aware of such action by the Association. In the absence of more definite information, Mr. Hoffman declined to further discuss the subject.

The boycott was not treated seriously by other railway officials. It is stated that while the Seaboard Company was not a member of the Southern Association it has maintained a pro-rating arrangement. There is said to have been considerable friction during the past year, and as a result it is claimed that the Association is practically dismembered. Commissioner Stahlman's action is looked upon by some railroad men as an effort to force the Seaboard Company into the Association to prevent its final dissolution.

RACE WAR IMMINENT

In Harris County, Georgia—Further Developments Awaited With Uneasiness.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, February 19.—A *Morning News* special from Atlanta says: A race war is imminent in Waverly Hall district, in Harris county. The negroes of that section have recently aroused the suspicion of the white people by secret gatherings late at night, and later by making open threats.

To-day Gov. Atkinson received a letter from T. H. Kimbrough, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Fourth Congressional district. In this letter Mr. Kimbrough states that the only thing which has seemed to deter the negroes so far has been the fear of the military company of Harris, "The Gordon Troop." That a preconcerted arrangement was made to destroy the effectiveness of the military company, he says, is evinced by the fact that during the early morning of February 14th the house of Capt. J. S. Clark, the commander of the Gordon Troop, the place where the arms, sabres, and ammunition of this company were stored, was set on fire, and together with its entire contents were destroyed. To bring the incendiaries to justice the Governor is appealed to to offer rewards for their capture. The situation at the present does not warrant the sending of other troops to the scene, but further developments are awaited with considerable uneasiness in the Governor's office.

Gov. Atkinson at once took the matter up and the reward will be offered just as soon as the papers can be properly made out.

SMALLPOX AT ST. LOUIS.

Seventy-two Cases—It is Feared the Disease Will Become Epidemic.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS February 19.—At noon to-day there were seventy-two cases of smallpox reported at quarantine. Ten new cases were reported to-day and it is thought this number will be greatly increased when full returns are received to-night. Notwithstanding the health authorities are making great efforts to combat the spread of the disease, it is feared it will become epidemic.

Fremont P. Peck, First Lieutenant of the United States Ordnance Corps, was almost instantly killed on the proving grounds at Sandy Hook yesterday, by the bursting of the breech of a Hotchkiss gun. A Sergeant was slightly injured but others present escaped.

There is a rumor that German warships will go to Samoa in May next with the intention of subduing and disarming the natives, and of gaining entire control of the islands, although it is not supposed that the German Government proposes to annex the islands.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physian; if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative, Syrup of Figs. †

WARM WIRELETS.

Municipal elections in Philadelphia and Scranton, Pa., yesterday were carried by the Republicans.

Officials in the Lighthouse Board express fears that many casualities will occur to lighthouses in the vicinity of Chesapeake and Delaware Bays.

A dispatch from Tokio says a bill will be introduced in the Japanese Diet to-morrow asking for a further appropriation of 10 00 000 yen ($10,000 000) for war expenses.

The Senatorial deadlock in the Delaware Legislature, which began over five weeks ago remains unbroken. Two ballots (the fifty-first and fifty-second) were taken at noon yesterday.

After a shut-down of two months the local works of the Illinois Steel Co., at Joliet, employing 1,800 men, will resume operations next Monday, the dispute as to wages having been settled.

While a number of students were skating on the Moskva river, Moscow, yesterday, the ice gave way and thirty of them were plunged into the water and drowned. None of the bodies have yet been recovered.

The steamer Neuse that left Newbern eight days ago for Elizabeth City, has not yet been heard from. It is thought she is ice-bound, The supply of coal and food was limited. The steamer Newbern is safely anchored off Roanoke Island.

Col. R. P. Pepper, one of the wealthiest stockbreeders in Kentucky, died at his home in Frankfort, yesterday. Pepper was the owner of the famous stallion "Onward," who has a larger number of performers below 2.30 than any other living trotter.

President John L. Campbell, of the plundered bank of Lexington, Va., gives out the following as a result of the last investigation of the board of directors: Assets from all sources, $183,202 33; liabilities, due depositors and banks and bankers, $312,616 28.

The body of another of the Elbe's victims was picked up at Deal Monday evening. It had around it one of the Elbe's life belts and upon the left hand was a gold ring inscribed: "A Heckman, 1879." No papers or other means of identification were found.

A party of National Guardsmen left Jersey City for Savannah yesterday in a special car attached to the Florida Express on the Pennsylvania road. The party includes the State rifle team, which will compete with Georgia's crack team on Washington's birthday.

The cruiser Detroit arrived at Hong Kong yesterday morning, having made the run of 1,440 miles from Singapore since February 11th. Her next stop on her way to join Admiral Carpenter will be Shanghai, 110 miles distant. The Machias reached Singapore the 16th and should leave there to day or to morrow.

G. R. Morrison, an American, residing in Detroit, Mich., was killed by Mexican bandits, near Cordoba, Mexico. He was on his way to inspect coffee lands, with a view to investing in them. He was robbed of a considerable amount of money. Four of the bandits have been captured and will be shot.

One of the largest gatherings of Catholic clergymen, laymen and authors ever held in Baltimore, assembled at St. Mary's Seminary to witness the conferring of the honor of Doctor of Laws upon Col. Richard Malcolm Johnston, the well known lecturer and author, by the Board of Trustees of the seminary.

Capt. Thomas McLean, of the British bark Vessel Valona, loading at Sapelo, Ga., left his vessel in a sail boat for Darien last Thursday afternoon and has not been heard from since. He was accompanied by two of the crew. Capt. Patterson, of the tug Mallone, reports finding the boat bottom upwards near Sutherland's Bluff, and there is no longer any doubt as to the party being lost.

— Forty-nine Parts of the American Encyclopedic Dictionary may now be ordered. Send one coupon and 17 cents (which includes postage) for each Part. Take advantage of this opportunity to secure the best Dictionary and Encyclopedia combined at a very low price.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.

CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.

CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

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OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

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WE GIVE Free of charge 1 cake of Cocoa Oil Soap to each person making purchase this week.

RAMIE AND JUTE.

We have not either woven in with our

TABLE LINEN.

We sell to you Linen, not Jute or Ramie.

Special price on Table Linen.

We give you the number of inches wide by yard stick. Remember

UNBLEACH AND BLEACH

Table Linens.

58-inch wide Linen Table Cloth at 35c a yard.

Bleach Table Linen, 64 inches wide, round thread, at 65c a yard.

Round thread Table Linen, bleached, at 70c a yard, real value 90c a yard.

Bleach Table Linen, 64-inch wide, round thread, at 62½c a yard; would be real good value at 75c a yard.

68-inch wide, round thread, Bleach Table Linen to be sold at 85c, regular price $1.15 a yard. One piece of Table Linen, 68 inches wide, real value $1.50, to be sold at $1.10 a yd.

64-inch wide Bleach Table Linen at 58c a yard, regular price 75c.

70-inch Bleach Table Linen, worth $1.20 a yard, reduced to 95c a yard.

Toweling.

36-inch Check Towelling (all linen) at 20c a yard, would be good value at 35c.

Cup Toweling at 8c a yard, would be good value at 10c a yard.

Linen Roller Toweling, 18-inch wide, to be sold at 10c a yard.

Linen Toweling, plain white, at 10 to 12½c a yard.

Linen Toweling, black, at 8c, 10c and 12½c a yard.

A lot of Check Linen Crash at 7c a yard.

Real Table Cloth—Red Figured Table Cloth at 35c a yard.

Extra good quality Red Table Cloth at 42c a yard.

I respectfully call the attention of the public to the remarkable reduction in my stock of Table Linen.

Yours truly,

C. E. Gordon,

Dry Goods & Gents, Furnishings.
N. E Cor. Market and Front sts.
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—OF—

Hardware

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To be Sold at a Great Reduction In Prices.

The undersigned has assumed the management of the sale of the entire Stock of the late firm of GILES & MURCHISON, which will be offered at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of all close buyers.

Country Merchants

Will find it Greatly to their Interest to Get the List of Prices,

As Goods will be SOLD CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED, or probably ever will be again.

Retail trade desired, and all in want of any goods in our line are earnestly invited to call and avail themselves of the present opportunity to fill their wants

At Unheard-of Prices.

The Stock will be kept up to its former HIGH STANDARD, and NEW GOODS will arrive as often as occasion requires.

J. W. Murchison, Agent.
jan 1 tf

3 IMPORTANT LEADERS.

Short Dengths.

Bleaching, Homespun, Plaids 3c per Yd.

Yard wide Bleaching 5c per yard.

Yard wide Sea Island 4c & 5c a yd

8c Gingham for 5c per yard.

Turkey Red Table Cloth 20c yrd.

Best Table Oil Cloth 18c per yrd.

All Silk Ribbons 5c per yard.

Just received new lot Crochet Cotton. All the latest shades 200 yard spools 5c.

All colors Zephyr 8c a dozen.

Linen Art Fringe, regular price 12½c per yard, our price 5c per yrd.

New lot Wash Silk and Embroidery Silk.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Next Fourth St. Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over $3.00.
Phone 118. feb 17 tf

Flour, Flour.

1188 bbls. Flour.
1500 sacks Flour.
20 tons Hoop Iron.
900 Spirit Casks.
50 barrels Glue.
500 bags Peanuts, 50 bbls. E. R. Potatoes, 25,000 lbs. Meat. Also, Molasses, Tobacco, Can Goods, Hay, Oats, Meal and other goods.

D. L. GORE.
feb 8 D&W tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Newbern Fair.

FEBRUARY

18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

Premiums Aggregate

$7,000!

Race Premiums

$3,000!

Largest Ever Offered In the State.

Universally acknowledged

The best Fair

Ever held

In the South.

COME!

And induce your friends

To do likewise.

You will be pleased.

One Round Trip

On All Railroads.

W. N. & N. R. R. Excursion Trains

One Cent Per Mile.
feb 3 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers

American, English, And German

Hardware

Tinware,
Earthenware,
Cutlery,
Guns,
Ammunition, &c.
sep 22 tf

And HAIR and SCALP Cleaner.

The only preparation that will restore the Hair in all its elegance, and is a positive and perfectly safe cure for baldness. Stops hair from falling. Makes it grow thick and long. Is no DYE. Seven Sutherland Sisters' Scalp Cleaner is the only Dandruff cure. For Shampooing it has no equal. Price, Hair Grower, $1, six bottles for $5. Scalp Cleaner, 50 cents. See the photograph of the Seven Sutherland Sisters (group) on every box. Ladies should not fail to use the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Dressing Combs.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS,
Sole Manufacturers, N. Y. City.

The ladies of Wilmington are particularly requested to call at the Drug Store of

J. Hicks Bunting,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

and see the young lady with long beautiful hair, who will be there for Two Weeks on and after Feb. 4th.
jan 27 tf

Is There Any Reason

In the word why the one price cash Racket Store should not sell goods as cheap or cheaper than any house in the city. We sell our goods as we advertise them, the quality and width as described. We have been in this city very near seven years and have not lost all told one hundred dollars by credit customers. With a record as clean as this, with men to run the business that know no rule but to work and attend to every branch of the business, with the cash to buy goods from the manufacturers and auctions, and every where that there can be a real bargain found. Read our prices. Come and look at our stock and be convinced. We will treat you right.

One thousand Felt Sailor Hats, all colors, at 25c each, former price 50c; banded with sweat band for 35c, worth first of season $1.00. A big lot of Silk Ribbon received—No. 5 at 5c per yard, No. 12 at 10c, No. 22 at 18c and No. 40 at 25c. This lot of Ribbon is of the newest shades of color and is at least 40 per cent. lower than we have ever been able to sell it before. Table Linen, we have extra value. In Towels we have the different styles; a large Cotton Towel at 5c, extra large at 10c. A fine Linen Towel 18x36 inches at 23½c each.

A big lot of Ladies' fast black seamless Hose at 10c. Ladies' ribbed Hose, fast black at 10c. A fine line of good Sateen worth 10c. now 8½c. New goods, no old stock. Come and try us and see if we don't have what you want at the Big Racket Store of Wilmington, N. C.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop's.
feb 17 tf

Children

Are always wanting new Shoes. We have some genuine wear resisters, neat and strong,

Solar Tips at 75 cts.,
Patent Tips at $1.00,
Misses' Tips at $1.00.

Boys' lace at 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.

We have Shoes for little people—and for big people—lean and fat folks. We can suit all and at almost any price. Call and see us.

Geo. R. French & Sons,

108 North Front St.,
jan 20 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

THE

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital. $125,000.00

Surplus, $30,000.00.

Total Assets. $800,000.00.

With unsurpassed facilities for transacting business entrusted to it, this Bank offers all customers all accommodations consistent with legitimate Banking

We do not pay interest on deposits.

Direct correspondence with every point of importance having dealings with Wilmington merchants. Special attention given to out of town accounts.

Liberal loans made at minimum rates on approved security.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at from $4 to $8 per annum.

Your business solicited.
feb 9 tf

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The Largest and Best Plates,
The Heaviest Paper
The Brightest Descriptions.

Great Modern Masterpieces

Embracing 320 of the finest specimens of American, French, English, German, Austrian, Italian, Scandinavian and Russian Art, from the Principal Public Galleries, Famous Private Collections and Studios of Eminent Artists

The Work Complete.

Twelve Cents for each part, but only one Coupon required for any number of Parts.

"Famous Paintings" Coupon.

Cut out One of these Coupons from the STAR, and bring or send to us, with 12 Cents in Money or Postage Stamps, to pay for mailing, wrapping, advertising, &c. Fill out following Blank:

Your Name—
Street—
Postoffice—
County—
State—
PART No.—

Address all orders to "THE STAR" Coupon Department, Wilmington, N. C.

CAUTION.—Place your stamps loosely in letter. Do not wet them, as they will adhere to the paper. Be sure to write your name, postoffice address and State plainly, so as to avoid error.

As we have to send orders to the publishers, several days—possibly two weeks—may elapse before the Photographs are received by subscribers.

Sample copies may be seen at the STAR Office.

It is absolutely necessary that you designate on the Coupon the Nos. of the Parts wanted. See "Part No. ," at bottom of Coupon, and fill it up.

When no number is designated, Part 1 will be sent.

Address

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1831 The Cultivator 1895

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